Title: A systematic review and meta-analysis of risk factors associated with atopic dermatitis in Asia

Supplemental Appendix 3: Summary of significant estimates

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<u>Supplemental Table 1: Significant estimates of demographic factors and socioeconomic statuses</u>

Study	Reference number in Supplementary Appendix 1	Study design	Study population (children, adolescents, adult, mixed*)	Country/ region	Risk factor definition	Estimate	Lower CI	Upper CI	p-value	Measure of estimates (OR, HR, PR, RR)	Remarks
Demograph	nic factors		,			•					
Age			_				1	1	_		
Acharya et al., 2019	3	Cross- sectional	Mixed	South Korea	≥19 vs. <19 years-old	6.9	2.9	16.37	≤0.001	OR	
Yu et al., 2019	11	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Age (continuous) (singleton born with normal birthweight and mother without diseases during pregnancy)	0.99	0.98	0.995	0.002	OR	Normal birthweight defined as 2500-4000g.
Ferrandiz- Mont et al., 2018	13	Cross- sectional	children	Indonesia	10-13 vs. 6-9 years-old	2.57	1.03	6.40	-	OR	
Guo et al., 2016	27	Cross- sectional	children	China	Age (continuous)	0.829	0.802	0.857	< 0.001	OR	
					2-4 vs. 0-2 years-old	0.40	-	-	< 0.05	OR	
Lin et al		Cross-			4-6 vs. 0-2 years-old	0.20	-	-	< 0.05	OR	
2016	in et al., 2016 30	sectional	children	Taiwan	6-9 vs. 0-2 years-old	0.22	-	-	< 0.05	OR	
2010	016	sectional			9-12 vs. 0-2 years-old	0.29	-	-	< 0.05	OR	
					12-18 vs. 0-2 years-old	0.38	-	-	< 0.05	OR	
Miyashita et al., 2015	43	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Age (continuous)	0.91	0.88	0.94	< 0.001	OR	
Song et al., 2014	52	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	>8 vs. 6-8 years-old #	0.667	0.588	0.714	<0.0001	OR	AD outcome: lifetime chronic itchy rash
Lee & Kim, 2011	72	Cross- sectional	adult (residents ≥18 years-old)	South Korea	10-18 vs. <10 years-old	0.35	0.24	0.51	< 0.05	OR	
					12 vs. 6-7 years-old	0.80	0.64	0.99	-	OR	
					13 vs. 12 years-old (females in 1995- 1996 study)	0.8	0.6	1.0	< 0.05	OR	
Lee et al., 2007	106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	14 vs. 12 years-old (females in 1995- 1996 study)	0.8	0.6	1.0	< 0.05	OR	
					14 vs. 12 years-old (males in 2001 study)	0.5	0.3	0.8	< 0.01	OR	
					15 vs. 12 years-old (males in 2001 study)	0.6	0.4	0.9	< 0.05	OR	
Kawada et al., 2004	119	Cross- sectional	children	Japan	Age (one year)	1.12	1.05	1.19	-	OR	
Goh et al., 1996	139	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Singapore	12-15 vs. 6-7 years-old	1.07	1.02	1.13	-	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD
Gender											

Wang et al., 2019	9	Cross- sectional	adults	China	Male vs. Female	0.68	0.54	0.86	0.001	OR	
Yu et al., 2019	11	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Male vs. female (singleton born with normal birthweight and mother without diseases during pregnancy)	1.14	1.09	1.20	<0.001	OR	Normal birthweight (2500-4000g)
Lee et al., 2016	29	Cross- sectional	adolescents	South Korea	Male vs. Female #	0.719	0.690	0.746	< 0.05	OR	
					Male vs. Female	1.363	1.122	1.655	0.002	OR	AD outcome: lifetime chronic itchy rash
Matsuoka et al., 2016	33	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Iran	Male vs. Female	1.293	1.035	1.615	0.027	OR	AD outcome: current chronic itchy rash
					Male vs. Female	1.32	1.024	1.72	0.033	OR	AD outcome: flexural chronic itchy rash
Miyashita et al., 2015	43	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Male vs. Female	0.88	0.78	1.00	< 0.05	OR	
Song et al., 2014	52	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Male vs. Female	1.2	1.1	1.3	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Male vs. Female (Shanghai)	0.7	0.5	0.9	-	OR	
Cakir et al., 2010	80	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Turkey	Male vs. Female #	0.129	0.038	0.442	0.001	OR	
Wen et al., 2009	176	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Male vs. Female	1.44	1.28	1.61	< 0.001	OR	
Lee et al., 2007	106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Male vs. Female #	1.266	1.124	1.429	-	OR	
Graif et al., 2004	118	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Israel	Male vs. Female #	0.667	0.556	0.833	-	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
Hikino et al., 2001	180	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Male vs. Female	1.48	1.01	2.16	-	OR	AD outcome: At 3 years-old
Ethnicity											
Loo et al., 2015	158	Birth cohort	children	Singapore	Indian vs. Chinese	0.14	0.03	0.65	0.01	OR	
Graif et al.,	118	Cross-	Adolescents	Israel	Jews vs. Arab	1.70	1.40	2.00	-	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
2004	116	sectional	Adolescents	Israei	Jews vs. Arab	1.82	1.40	2.33	-	OR	AD outcome: lifetime chronic itchy rash
Goh et al., 1996	139	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Singapore	Indian vs. Chinese	1.12	1.01	1.23	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: lifetime chronic rash
Number of sibli	ngs										
Lin et al., 2019	142	Birth	children	Taiwan	Number of siblings: 1 vs. 0 Number of siblings: ≥2 vs. 0	0.75 0.59	0.73 0.55	0.77	-	OR OR	Supplementary data
2019		cohort		 		0.59	0.55	0.64	-	UK	Supplementary data
Cai et al., 2017	19	Cross- sectional	children	China	Number of children in current residence: ≥2 vs. 1	0.813	0.690	0.952	-	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD; Children defined as ≤8 years-old.

					Number of children in current residence: ≥2 vs. 1 #	0.746	0.606	0.909	-	OR	AD outcome: current AD; Children defined as ≤8 years old.
Yu et al., 2019	11	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Has siblings: Yes vs. No (singletons born with normal birthweight and mother without diseases during pregnancy only)	0.769	0.730	0.806	<0.001	OR	Normal birthweight defined as 2500-4000g.
Wang et al., 2016	154	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Number of siblings: >1 vs. ≤1 #	0.719	0.599	0.855	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
Loo et al., 2015	158	Birth cohort	children	Singapore	Has siblings: Yes vs. No	0.46	0.22	0.95	0.04	OR	
					Number of siblings: 1 vs. 0 Number of siblings: 2 vs. 0	0.78 0.70	0.66 0.58	0.94 0.84		OR OR	
					Number of siblings: ≥3 vs. 0 Number of siblings: 2 vs 0 (6-10	0.60	0.49	0.74 0.88		OR OR	
					years-old only) Number of siblings: ≥3 vs. 0 (6-10 years-old only)	0.54	0.41	0.71		OR	
					Number of siblings: 1 vs. 0 (11-15 years-old only)	0.73	0.55	0.98		OR	
					Number of siblings: 2 vs. 0 (11-15 years-old only)	0.70	0.53	0.93		OR	
016			171 1		Number of siblings: ≥3 vs. 0 (11-15 years-old only)	0.67	0.50	0.92		OR	
Ohfuji et al., 2009	92	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Number of siblings: 1 vs. 0 (individuals with parental atopic diseases only)	0.77	0.61	0.97		OR	
					Number of siblings: 2 vs. 0 (individuals with parental atopic diseases only)	0.73	0.58	0.91		OR	
					Number of siblings: 3+ vs. 0 (individuals with parental atopic diseases only)	0.58	0.45	0.76		OR	
					Number of siblings: 2 vs. 0 (individuals without parental atopic diseases only)	0.68	0.51	0.92		OR	
					Number of siblings: 3+ vs. 0 (individuals without parental atopic diseases only)	0.65	0.47	0.90		OR	
Lee et al., 2007	106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Number of siblings: ≥2 vs. 0	0.78	0.63	0.96		OR	
Lee et al., 2004	121	Cross- sectional	children	Hong Kong	≥2 siblings	0.67	0.57	0.80	< 0.01	OR	
Older siblings											
Ho et al., 2019	5	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Has older siblings: Yes vs. No	0.83	0.76	0.92	< 0.001	OR	

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Ohfuji et al., 2009	92	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Number of older siblings: ≥2 vs. 0	0.82	0.71	0.96		OR	
Younger sibling	gs										
Ohfuji et al., 2009	92	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Number of younger siblings: ≥2 vs. 0	0.80	0.68	0.93		OR	
Household size											
Civelek et al.,	70	Cross-	children	Turkey	Number of household members (first year of life) (continuous)	1.09	1.03	1.15	0.005	OR	AD outcome: current chronic flexural itchy rash
2011	70	sectional	children	Turkey	Number of household members (past one year) (continuous)	1.17	1.08	1.27	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: flexural dermatitis
Maternal age (a	at child's birth)			•							
Lin et al., 2019	142	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	≥35 vs. <35 years-old	1.11	1.07	1.15	-	OR	
Toizumi et al., 2019	144	Birth cohort	children	Vietnam	25-34 vs. ≤24 years-old	1.92	1.03	3.56	-	OR	
Responder of qu	uestionnaire			-			•	•			
Altuğ et al., 2013	55	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	Mother vs. Father	2.13	1.25	3.63	-	OR	AD outcome: current chronic itchy rash
Socioeconor	mic status			•							
Personal occupa											
Wang et al., 2019	9	Cross- sectional	adults	China	White-collar worker vs. not occupationally active	1.32	1.13	1.53	<0.001	OR	AD outcome is for parents; White-collar worker was defined as office staff, teacher, medical staff, student, shop assistant and other occupations.
Cakir et al., 2010	80	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Turkey	Hairdressing industry vs. Student	5.33	1.40	20.25	0.014	OR	
Maternal occup	oation (during pre	gnancy)									
Cai et al.,	19	Cross-	children	China	Employed vs. Unemployed	1.33	1.21	1.45	-	OR	Lifetime AD
2017	19	sectional	cilidien	Cillia	Employed vs. Unemployed	1.46	1.30	1.64	-	OR	Current AD
					Employed vs. Unemployed	1.18	1.05	1.33	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
					Employed vs. Unemployed	1.38	1.25	1.53	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
					Professional, technical vs. Unemployed	1.34	1.13	1.60	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
Wang et al.,	164	Birth	children	Taiwan	Administrative, managerial vs. Unemployed	1.32	1.07	1.63	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
2013	104	cohort	ciniaren	Taiwan	Superintendents, clerical vs. Unemployed	1.26	1.09	1.45	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
					Professional, technical vs. Not employed	1.64	1.42	1.90	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
					Administrative, managerial vs. Not employed	1.52	1.27	1.81	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
					Superintendents, clerical vs. Not employed	1.59	1.42	1.79	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD

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					Manufacturing, construction, mining vs. Not employed	1.19	1.03	1.37	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
					Wholesale and retail trade vs. Not employed	1.42	1.24	1.63	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
					Professional, technical vs. Others (no work stress mothers only)	3.05	1.83	5.34	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash or physician-diagnosed AD
					Administrative, managerial vs. Others (only mothers who reported no work stress)	2.21	1.27	3.96	<0.01	OR	AD outcome: Chronic flexural itchy rash or physician-diagnosed AD
					Superintendents, clerical vs. Others (only mothers who reported no work stress)	2.34	1.47	3.93	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash or physician-diagnosed AD
					Professional, technical vs. Others (only mothers who reported work stress)	2.08	1.48	3.01	<0.001	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash or physician-diagnosed AD
					Administrative, managerial vs. Others (only mothers who reported workstress)	1.96	1.37	2.89	<0.001	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash or physician-diagnosed AD
					Superintendents, clerical vs. Others (only mothers who reported workstress)	2.05	1.48	2.94	<0.001	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash or physician-diagnosed AD
					Professional service vs. Unemployed	1.31	1.12	1.54	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
					Professional service vs. Unemployed	1.64	1.44	1.87	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
					Public administration and defence vs. Unemployed	1.72	1.27	2.28	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
					Others vs. Unemployed	1.41	0.99	1.95	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
Family income											
Toizumi et al.,	144	Birth	children	Vietnam	Middle vs. Low	1.90	1.03	3.49	-	OR	
2019	144	cohort	Cilitaten	Vietnam	High vs. Low	1.97	1.07	3.61	-	OR	
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	High vs. Low #	0.781	0.690	0.885	-	OR	
Lee et al., 2016	29	Cross- sectional	adolescents	South Korea	Family affluence scale: High vs. Low	1.07	1.01	1.12	-	OR	
Wang et al.,	154	Birth	children	Taiwan	High vs. Low	1.54	1.34	1.77	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: chronic, recurrent itchy rash
2016	154	cohort	cmiaren	Taiwan	High vs. Low	1.77	1.57	1.99	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
Torfi et al.,	46	Cross-	children and	Iron	Middle vs. Low	1.62	1.04	2.51	< 0.05	OR	
2015	40	sectional	adolescents	Iran	High vs. Low	2.18	1.36	3.48	< 0.05	OR	
Wang et al., 2006	179	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	>100,000 NT\$ vs. <400,000 NT\$	1.66	1.00	2.77	< 0.05	OR	
Goh et al., 1996	139	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Singapore	>S\$4000 vs. <s\$1000< td=""><td>1.17</td><td>1.01</td><td>1.36</td><td>< 0.05</td><td>OR</td><td>AD outcome: ever had AD</td></s\$1000<>	1.17	1.01	1.36	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: ever had AD

Maternal educa	tion level										
Lee et al., 2016	29	Cross- sectional	adolescents	South Korea	Bachelor or higher vs. Less	1.16	1.04	1.29	< 0.05	OR	
Wang et al.,	154	Birth	children	Taiwan	Years of education: >12 vs. ≤12 years	1.67	1.47	1.91	<0.001	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
2016		cohort			Years of education: >12 vs. ≤12 years	1.91	1.70	2.14	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
					High school graduate and above vs. lower level	1.3	1.2	1.6	-	OR	
					High school graduate and above vs. lower level (Shanghai)	1.5	1.1	1.9	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	High school graduate and above vs. lower level (Guangzhou)	1.6	1.1	2.2	-	OR	
					High school graduate and above vs. lower level (Harbin)	1.5	1.1	2.1	-	OR	
					High school graduate and above vs. lower level (Urumqi)	2.0	1.3	3.0	-	OR	
Wen et al.,	176	Birth	children	Taiwan	High vs. Low	1.78	1.36	2.35	< 0.001	OR	
Wang et al.,		cohort Birth			Middle vs. Low	1.52	1.19	1.98	< 0.01	OR	
2006	179	cohort	children	Taiwan	≥University vs. ≤Junior high school	1.71	1.56	6.97	< 0.05	OR	
Paternal educat	ion level	•						•			
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	High school graduate and above vs. lower level (Hohhot)	2.1	1.4	3.2	-	OR	
Miyake et al., 2012	166	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Years of education: ≥15 vs. <13 years	1.89	1.07	3.42	-	OR	
Parental educat	ion level										
Lee et al., 2012	64	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Hong Kong	Tertiary vs. No/primary	2.27	1.66	3.10	-	OR	
Wen et al., 2009	176	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	High vs. Low	1.33	1.05	1.69	< 0.05	OR	
					Years of education: >12 vs. <9 years (male only)	1.49	1.37	1.63	<0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
					Years of education: 9-11 vs. <9 years (male only)	1.17	1.07	1.28	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
Lee et al.,	98	Cross-	children and	Taiwan	Years of education: >12 vs. <9 years (male only)	1.73	1.56	1.92	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
2008	90	sectional	adolescents	Taiwafi	Years of education: >12 vs. <9 years (female only)	1.39	1.27	1.52	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
					Years of education: 9-11 vs. <9 years (female only)	1.13	1.03	1.23	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
					Years of education: >12 vs. <9 years (female only)	1.52	1.37	1.69	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
Lee et al., 2007	106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Years of education: ≥12 vs. <9 years	1.88	1.57	2.28	-	OR	

					Years of education: 9-11 vs. <6 years (males in 1995-1996 study only)	1.3	1.0	1.7	< 0.05	OR	
					Years of education: ≥12 vs. <6 years (males in 1995-1996 study only)	1.6	1.2	2.1	< 0.01	OR	
					Years of education: 9-11 vs. <6 years (females in 1995-1996 study only)	1.3	1.0	1.7	< 0.05	OR	
Lee et al., 2007	107	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Taiwan	Years of education: ≥12 vs. <6 years (females in 1995-1996 study only)	1.8	1.2	2.3	< 0.01	OR	
					Years of education: 6-8 vs. <6 years (females in 2001 study only)	2.8	1.3	6.7	< 0.05	OR	
					Years of education: 9-11 vs. <6 years (females in 2001 study only)	3.1	1.5	7.4	< 0.01	OR	
					Years of education: ≥12 vs. <6 years (females in 2001 study only)	2.6	1.2	6.4	< 0.05	OR	
Housing type a	nd ownership										
Cai et al.,	19	Cross-	children	China	Type of current residence: Multi-store apartment dwellings vs. Detached housings for single families	1.18	1.03	1.35	-	OR	AD outcome: current AD
2017		sectional			Current house size: ≥101 vs. ≤60m2	1.17	1.02	1.34	-	OR	AD outcome: current AD
					Owner vs. Tenant	1.19	1.06	1.34	-	OR	AD outcome: current AD
School type		•	•			•					
Musharrafieh et al., 2009	91	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Lebanon	Private vs. Public	1.3	1.0	1.7	-	OR	

[#] ORs and 95% CI has been converted so that the direction of the comparison and reference groups matches the other entries. *Mixed: study investigated a mixed of children, adolescents, and adults.

Supplemental Table 2: Significant estimates of personal medical history

Study	Reference number in Supplementary Appendix 1	Study design	Study population (children, adolescents, adult, mixed*)	Country/ region	Risk factor definition	Estimate	Lower CI	Upper CI	p-value	Measure of estimate (OR, HR, PR, RR)	Remarks
Foetal growth											
					Quartile of change in estimated foetal weight between the 2nd and 3rd trimesters: Quartile with most growth acceleration vs. most faltering growth			ed on a grap publication)	h, please	OR	
Almakoshi et al., 2015	156	Birth cohort	children	Saudi Arabia	Quartile of change in estimated foetal weight between the 2nd and 3rd trimesters: Quartile with least growth acceleration vs. most faltering growth			ed on a grap publication)	h, please	OR	
					Quartile of change in estimated foetal weight between the 2nd and 3rd trimesters: Quartile with least faltering growth vs. most faltering growth			ed on a grap publication)	h, please	OR	
Preterm birth											
Guo et al., 2016	27	Cross- sectional	children	China	Preterm birth: Yes vs. No	1.334	1.124	1.584	0.001	OR	
Birth size											
Lin et al., 2015	42	Cross-	adolescents	Taiwan	Small for gestational age vs. average for gestational age	1.02	0.94	1.12	-	OR	
,	42	sectional	adolescents	Tarwan	Large for gestational age vs. average for gestational age	0.96	0.87	1.05	-	OR	
Birthweight											
Lin et al., 2019	142	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	<2500 vs. ≥2500g	0.93	0.88	0.99	-	OR	
Toizumi et al.,	144	Birth	children	Vietnam	<2500 vs. ≥2500g	5.12	1.92	13.64	-	OR	
2019 Singh et al., 2018	17	cohort Cross- sectional	children	India	<2500g vs. 2500-4000g Low birthweight (6 to 7 years old only)	5.31 0.7	2.00	14.12 0.8	0.0001	OR OR	
Civelek et al., 2011	70	Cross- sectional	children	Turkey	<2500 vs. ≥2500g	1.79	1.08	2.94	0.024	OR	AD outcome: flexural dermatitis
Hikino et al., 2001	180	Birth cohort	children	Japan	<2500 vs. ≥2500g	0.59	0.37	0.96	-	OR	AD outcome at 18 months-old
Lee et al., 2004	121	Cross- sectional	children	Hong Kong	>2500 vs. ≤2500g	1.23	1.01	1.41	< 0.01	OR	
Atopic disease	S										
Asthma											

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Ho et al., 2019	5	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	2.18	2.01	2.36	< 0.001	OR	
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.88	1.80	1.97	-	OR	
Civelek et al., 2011	70	Cross- sectional	children	Turkey	Yes (current wheezing) vs. No	2.10	1.58	2.79	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: current chronic flexural itchy rash
					Yes vs. No	2.7	2.2	3.4	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (Shanghai)	3.1	2.2	4.6	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (Guangzhou)	2.7	1.4	5.1	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross-	children and	China	Yes vs. No (Xian)	4.0	1.0	15.6	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	70	sectional	adolescents	Cillia	Yes vs. No (Chengdu)	2.4	1.3	4.4	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (Harbin)	3.5	1.5	7.9	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (Hohhot)	6.9	2.4	2.0	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (Urumqi)	3.9	1.6	9.6	-	OR	
Lee & Kim, 2011	72	Cross- sectional	Adults (≥18 years-old residents)	South Korea	Yes vs. No	2.04	1.09	3.80	<0.05	OR	
Hwang et al., 2010	82	Cross- sectional	Mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	2.38	2.33	2.42		OR	
Musharrafieh et al., 2009	91	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Lebanon	Yes (AS symptoms) vs. No	2.5	2.0	3.1	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (male only)	2.18	1.99	2.40	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
1 2000	00	Cross-	children and	T	Yes vs. No (male only)	2.42	2.18	2.68	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
Lee et al., 2008	98	sectional	adolescents	Taiwan	Yes vs. No (female only)	2.39	2.15	2.66	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
					Yes vs. No (female only)	2.71	2.40	3.05	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
Al-Sahab et al., 2008	94	Cross- sectional	children	Lebanon	Yes vs. No	1.64	1.16	2.32	-	OR	
Ergin et al., 2008	96	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	Yes vs. No	11.03	5.80	20.88		OR	
Yuksel et al., 2008	104	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	Yes vs. No	2.41	1.07	5.39	0.03	OR	
Graif et al., 2004	118	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Israel	Yes vs. No	2.30	1.80	2.90	-	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
		sectional			Yes vs. No	2.77	2.17	3.52	-	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
Allergic rhinitis		1	1	T	1		1	1	1	1	
Ho et al., 2019	5	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	3.02	2.75	3.31	< 0.001	OR	
					Yes vs. No	1.8	1.5	2.1	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (Shanghai)	1.5	1.1	2.1	-	OR	
		Cross-	children and		Yes vs. No (Guangzhou)	1.9	1.3	2.8	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	sectional	adolescents	China	Yes vs. No (Wuhan)	2.1	1.2	3.7	-	OR	
		Sectional	adorosconto		Yes vs. No (Chengdu)	2.4	1.5	3.9	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (Harbin)	2.1	1.1	3.8	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (Hohhot)	3.2	1.8	5.7	-	OR	

Lee & Kim, 2011	72	Cross- sectional	Adults (≥18 years-old residents)	South Korea	Yes vs. No	2.18	1.46	3.26	< 0.05	OR	
Hwang et al., 2010	82	Cross- sectional	Mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	2.28	2.25	2.32		OR	
Musharrafieh et al., 2009	91	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Lebanon	Yes vs. No	2.8	2.3	3.4	-	OR	AR in the past year
Al-Sahab et al., 2008	94	Cross- sectional	children	Lebanon	Yes (AR) vs. No Yes (Hay fever) vs. No	1.35 2.77	1.07 2.12	1.70 3.62	-	OR OR	Ever AR
Ergin et al., 2008	96	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	Yes vs. No	25.37	13.15	49.98		OR	
Yuksel et al., 2008	104	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	Yes vs. No	4.26	2.06	8.79	< 0.01	OR	
Allergic conjunctiv	ritis	-	•				•	•	•		
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.36	1.31	1.42	-	OR	
Civelek et al., 2011	70	Cross- sectional	children	Turkey	Yes vs. No	2.53	1.99	3.21	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: current chronic flexural itchy rash
					Yes vs. No (male only)	1.93	1.80	2.06	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
1 1 2000	00	Cross-	children and	T	Yes vs. No (male only)	2.10	1.94	2.27	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: current chronic flexural itchy rash
Lee et al., 2008	98	sectional	adolescents	Taiwan	Yes vs. No (female only)	2.30	2.14	2.47	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
					Yes vs. No (female only)	2.40	2.21	2.61	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: current chronic flexural itchy rash
Food allergy		•									
					Yes vs. No	3.40	2.63	4.40	< 0.001	OR	
Xu et al., 2016	37	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No (individuals without family atopic diseases only)	4.44	3.05	6.47	< 0.001	OR	
		sectional			Yes vs. No (individuals with family atopic diseases only)	2.73	1.93	3.97	< 0.001	OR	
Doğruel et al., 2016	150	Birth cohort	children	Turkey	Yes vs. No	13.7	3.07	61.0	0.001	OR	
Hikino et al., 2001	180	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Yes vs. No	8.63	5.86	12.7	-	OR	AD outcome: AD at 3 years-old
Specific food allerg	y and serum IgE	sensitisation									
					Egg allergy	4.71	3.52	6.29	< 0.001	OR	
Kurosaka et al.,	74	Cross-	Children	Japan	Cow's milk allergy	2.45	1.39	4.32	0.002	OR	
2011	, ,	sectional	Cimaren	Jupan	Buckwheat allergy	1.94	1.06	3.55	0.031	OR	
					Crab allergy	2.07	1.24	3.47	0.006	OR	
Lin et al., 2016	30	Cross-	children	Taiwan	Egg white sensitisation to serum IgE	1.28	1.03	1.58	< 0.05	OR	
·		sectional			Ovalbumin sensitisation to serum IgE	1.30	1.04	1.62	< 0.05	OR	
Obesity											

		$\overline{}$		$\overline{\mathbf{I}}$							Obesity was defined if BMI was
Lee et al., 2016	29	Cross- sectional	adolescents	South Korea	Obesity: Yes vs. No	1.13	1.06	1.20	<0.05	OR	≥ 25, or exceeded the 95th percentile of sex-specific and age-specific BMI in the 2007 Korea National Growth Chart
	 	Cross-		+	BMI: 21-23 vs. 17-21	1.19	1.11	1.29	_	OR	BMI: Body Mass Index
Lin et al., 2015	42	sectional	adolescents	Taiwan	BMI: 21-23 vs. 17-21 BMI: ≥23 vs. 17-21	1.19	1.11	1.29	+ -	OR	BMI: Body Mass Index BMI: Body Mass Index
.	 			+	Diagnosed obesity: Yes vs. No	1.41	1.32	2.3	-	OR	DIVII. DUdy IVIASS IIIQCA
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Diagnosed obesity: Yes vs. No (Shanghai)	2.0	1.1	3.7		OR	
Hamid et al., 2015	39	Cross- sectional	children	Indonesia	BMI (continuous)	1.38	1.06	1.78	<0.05	OR	BMI: Body Mass Index
Kusunoki et al., 2008	97	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	BMI (continuous)	1.02	1	1.04	0.03	OR	BMI: Body Mass Index
Parasitic infec	tion										
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.32	1.15	1.51	-	OR	
Respiratory in	ifections										
Bronchiolitis											
Ho et al., 2019	5	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.47	1.33	1.63	<0.001	OR	
Common cold											
<u> [</u>	Γ	Ţ	1	Τ	>5 vs. ≤5 times per year	1.8	1.5	2.1	<u> </u>	OR	
<u> </u>	1		1		>5 vs. ≤5 times per year (Shanghai)	2.0	1.5	2.7	-	OR	
	1	Cross-	children and		>5 vs. ≤5 times per year (Xian)	3.7	2.0	6.9	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	sectional	adolescents	China	>5 vs. ≤5 times per year (Wuhan)	2.4	1.5	3.7		OR	
	1	5000			>5 vs. ≤5 times per year (Harbin)	2.8	1.9	4.1	-	OR	
	1		1		>5 vs. ≤5 times per year (Hohhot)	1.8	1.1	3.1	-	OR	4
D4 - 444 a	<u></u>		<u> </u>		>5 vs. ≤5 times per year (Urumqi)	3.0	1.9	4.5		OR	1
Recurrent otitis me	edia —		T		Yes vs. No	1.9	1.5	2.4		OR	
<u> </u>	1	Cross	children and		Yes vs. No Yes vs. No (Shanghai)	2.2	1.5	3.6	-	OR OR	+
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	adolescents	China	Yes vs. No (Shanghai) Yes vs. No (Chengdu)	2.2	1.4	4.0	+ -	OR OR	+
		Sectional	adolescents		Yes vs. No (Chengdu) Yes vs. No (Urumqi)	3.6	1.1	7.9	-	OR	+
Waked &	 	Cross-	children and	+	1						+
Salameh, 2009	93	sectional	adolescents	Lebanon	Yes vs. No	2.04	1.68	2.48	<10^-4	OR	
Pertussis			waster.				1		1		_
Waked &	93	Cross-	children and	Lebanon	Yes vs. No	1.65	1.12	2.44	0.01	OR	
Salameh, 2009 Respiratory tract in		sectional	adolescents			'		<u> </u>			
	Afection	Cross-		Попа	≥4 times respiratory tract infection in		T				_
Lee et al., 2004	121	sectional	children	Hong Kong	last 12 months	1.81	1.60	2.05	< 0.01	OR	
Autoimmune o	disorders										
Ankylosing spondy	/lit <u>is</u>										
ı 					·			·			·

1											
Woon et al., 2013	181	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.22	1.05	1.43	< 0.05	HR	
Childhood type 1 d	iabetes mellitus										
Lin et al., 2016	182	Prospectiv e	Children and adolescents	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.76	1.29	2.39	< 0.001	HR	
Irritable bowel syn	drome					•					
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.20	1.08	1.33	-	OR	
Psoriasis											
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	2.36	2.12	2.62	-	OR	
Systemic lupus ery	thematosus										
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.91	1.35	2.72	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No	1.94	1.48	2.54	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (female only)	2.05	1.53	2.76	-	OR	
Wu et al., 2014	53	Cross-	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	3.02	1.30	7.03	-	OR	AD outcome: AD at ≤18 years old
W a Ct al., 2014	55	sectional	mixed	Tarwan	Yes vs. No (female only)	3.94	1.52	10.23	-	OR	AD outcome: AD at ≤18 years old
					Yes vs. No (female only)	1.76	1.28	2.41	-	OR	AD outcome: AD at >18 years old
Thyroid diseases			•			1			ı		
Wu et al., 2014	53	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.68	1.26	2.24	-	OR	AD outcome: AD at >18 years old
		sectional			Yes vs. No (male only)	1.73	1.06	2.82	-	OR	
Urticaria		1	T	1	1		1	1	T	T	
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.20	1.08	1.33	-	OR	
Vitiligo		1	T				1	1	T	T	
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.99	1.08	3.66	-	OR	
Psychological	well-being										
Attention Deficit H	yperactivity Disor	der (ADHD)									
					Diagnosed ADHD: Yes vs. No	1.5	1.2	2.0	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Diagnosed ADHD: Yes vs. No (Wuhan)	2.2	1.2	3.9	-	OR	
		Sectional	adorescents		Diagnosed ADHD: Yes vs. No (Chengdu)	2.7	1.4	5.3	-	OR	
Lin et al., 2016	21	Cross-	children	Taiwan	Questionnaire-based ADHD: Yes vs. No	1.66	1.23	2.25	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD
Lill et al., 2010	31	sectional	ciniaren	Taiwan	Questionnaire-based ADHD: Yes vs. No	1.57	1.30	1.89	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: Current AD

					Questionnaire-based hyperactive- impulsive ADHD: Yes vs. No symptoms	1.48	1.02	2.14	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD
					Questionnaire-based hyperactive- impulsive ADHD: Yes vs. No symptoms	1.40	1.11	1.77	<0.05	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Questionnaire-based inattentive ADHD: Yes vs. No symptoms	2.19	1.44	3.32	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD
					Questionnaire-based inattentive ADHD: Yes vs. No symptoms	1.82	1.38	2.39	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Questionnaire-based hyperactive- impulsive and inattentive ADHD: Yes vs. No symptoms	1.64	1.18	2.28	<0.05	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Anxiety											
Kim et al., 2015	40	Cross- sectional	Adult (military conscripts)	South Korea	Anxiety: Yes vs. No	1.88	1.58	2.23	<0.001	OR	
Depression											
Kim et al., 2015	40	Cross- sectional	Adult (military conscripts)	South Korea	Depression: Yes vs. No	2.07	1.75	2.45	< 0.001	OR	
Neurosis and psych	osis										
W 1 2015	20	Cross-	. ,	m :	Neurosis vs. No mental disorder	1.31	1.24	1.39	-	OR	
Kuo et al., 2016	28	sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Psychosis and neurosis vs. No mental disorders	1.53	1.29	1.81	-	OR	
Oppositional defiar	nt disorder	1	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>, </u>		1	1	1	T	
Lin et al., 2016	31	Cross-	children	Taiwan	Questionnaire-based oppositional defiant disorder symptoms: Yes vs. No	1.75	1.08	2.72	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD
	J1	sectional	Cimaron	i ui w uii	Questionnaire-based oppositional defiant disorder symptoms: Yes vs. No	1.78	1.35	2.34	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Somatisation		1	1				1	1	1	1	
Kim et al., 2015	40	Cross- sectional	Adult (military conscripts)	South Korea	Somatisation: Yes vs. No	2.09	1.78	2.45	< 0.001	OR	
Work/Study/Social	stress	1	,				1	1	1	T	
					Subjective academic achievement: Middle-low vs. Low	1.09	1.01	1.17	< 0.05	OR	
Lee et al., 2016	29	Cross- sectional	adolescents	South Korea	Subjective academic achievement: High-middle vs. Low	1.15	1.07	1.24	< 0.05	OR	
					Subjective academic achievement: High vs. Low	1.18	1.09	1.29	< 0.05	OR	
Miyashita et al., 2015	43	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Difficulties in daily and social life: "Abnormal"/Clinical range on SDQ vs. No	1.75	1.49	2.05	<0.001	OR	The SDQ is a brief questionnaire composed of 25 items designed to investigate difficulties in the daily and social lives of children (Goodman 1997). An SDQ total difficulties score of 16 points or

					!						more was considered as the
				<u> </u>							abnormal or "clinical" range.
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Overburden schoolwork: Yes vs. No (Urumqi)	2.0	1.3	3.0	-	OR	
Sleep-related o	conditions						•				
Obstructive sleep a											
Tien et al., 2014	183	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.50	1.15	1.95	0.0025	HR	
Sleep-disordered by	reathing			-			•	•	•	•	
_		Cross-	children and		Yes vs. No	1.5	1.1	2.0	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	sectional	adolescents	China	Yes vs. No (Shanghai)	1.8	1.0	3.3	-	OR	
Snoring											
Wang et al., 2017	148	Cross- sectional	children	China	More than once in the past 2 weeks vs. Never	1.83	1.03	3.23	< 0.05	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	More than once in the past 2 weeks vs. Never (Guangzhou)	1.6	1.1	2.3	-	OR	
Other condition	ns										
Febrile episode/fev		ons									
100000					Per febrile episode in 0-6 months	0.657	0.439	0.985	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: AD at 18 months-old
1 2044		Cross-			Presence of fever in 0-6 months	0.522	0.300	0.907	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: AD at 18 months- old
Wong et al., 2016	155	sectional	children	Singapore	Presence of fever in 0-6 months	0.495	0.252	0.970	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: skin prick test- negative AD at 18 months-old
					Presence of fever in 0-6 months	0.430	0.191	0.970	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: skin prick test- positive AD at 36 months-old
History of hospitali	isation			.1		.I	<u>I</u>	ı		I.	
Miyashita et al., 2015	43	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Yes vs. No	1.16	1.01	1.32	< 0.05	OR	
Insect sting reaction	n						1				
		\top		T	Large local reaction vs. None	2.0	1.5	2.4	< 0.001	OR	
Graif et al., 2009	86	Cross-	adolescents	Israel	Mild systemic reaction vs. None	2.3	1.6	3.1	< 0.001	OR	
,		sectional			Severe systemic reaction vs. None	1.8	1.1	2.8	0.006	OR	
Impetigo				.•			•	•	•	•	
Hayashida et al., 2010	81	Cross- sectional	children	Japan	Yes vs. No	1.8	1.16	2.81	< 0.01	OR	
Infant gastroesoph	ageal reflux										
Waked & Salameh, 2009	93	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Lebanon	Yes vs. No	1.72	1.35	2.20	<10^-4	OR	
Perinatal and postr	natal problems							•		•	
Lee et al., 2012	64	Cross-	children and	Hong	Yes vs. No	2.00	1.67	2.38	-	OR	

^{*}Mixed: study investigated a mixed of children, adolescents, and adults.

Supplemental Table 3: Significant estimates of family medical history

Study	Reference number in Supplementary Appendix 1	Study design	Study population (children, adolescents, adult, mixed*)	Country/ region	Risk factor definition	Estimate	Lower CI	Upper CI	p-value	Measure of estimates (OR, HR, PR, RR)	Remarks
Atopic diseas											
Maternal history	of asthma		1								
Lin et al., 2019	142	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.31	1.22	1.4	-	OR	
Wen et al., 2009	176	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.71	1.18	2.41	< 0.05	OR	
Maternal history	of allergic rhinitis										
Lin et al., 2019	142	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.35	1.31	1.4	-	OR	
Toizumi et al., 2019	144	Birth cohort	children	Vietnam	Yes vs. No	2.59	1.31	5.13	-	OR	Supplementary data.
Wen et al., 2009	176	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.32	1.15	1.52	< 0.001	OR	
Maternal atopic	dermatitis										
Lin et al., 2019	142	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.62	1.51	1.75	-	OR	
Toizumi et al., 2019	144	Birth cohort	children	Vietnam	Yes vs. No	4.33	1.17	16.05	-	OR	Supplementary data.
Wang et al.,	154	Birth	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	2.47	1.84	3.24	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
2016		cohort			Yes vs. No	2.31	1.79	2.96	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
Wang et al., 2006	179	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	4.10	1.27	13.25	< 0.05	OR	
Wen et al., 2009	176	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	2.85	2.32	3.49	< 0.001	OR	
		Cross			Yes vs. No	5.06	4.06	6.26	-	OR	
Lee et al., 2007	106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No (Male-only)	5.35	4.00	7.07	-	OR	
		sectional			Yes vs. No (Female-only)	4.09	2.85	5.74	-	OR	
Maternal history	of atopic diseases		I	I			Т	1	1	1	
					1 atopic disease vs. None	1.35	1.31	1.4	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis
Lin et al., 2019	142	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	2 atopic diseases vs. None	1.86	1.72	2.01	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis
			_		3 atopic diseases vs. None	2.81	2.03	3.89	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis
Toizumi et al., 2019	144	Birth cohort	children	Vietnam	Yes vs. No	2.31	1.21	4.41	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis

Ziyab, 2017	23	Cross- sectional	Adults (university students)	Kuwait	Yes vs. No	1.62	1.05	2.49	0.028	PR	Atopic diseases: asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis
Doğruel et al., 2016	150	Birth cohort	children	Turkey	Yes vs. No	6.28	1.03	38.30	0.046	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, food allergy
					Yes vs. No	3.15	1.51	6.57	< 0.01	OR	, 33
Loo et al., 2015	158	Birth	children	Singapore	Yes vs. No (AD from birth to 6 months-old)	20.46	2.73	153.15	< 0.01	OR	
		cohort			Yes vs. No (AD from 6 to 12 months-old)	4.19	1.01	17.45	0.049	OR	
					Yes (AS or AR) vs. No	2.14	1.87	2.45	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma or allergic rhinitis
Lee et al., 2007	106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Yes (AS or AR) vs. No (male-only)	1.98	1.64	2.37	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma or allergic rhinitis
					Yes (AS/AR) vs. No (female-only)	2.22	1.80	2.73	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma or allergic rhinitis
Talay et al., 2008	102	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	1 atopic disease vs. None	4.37	2.03	9.43	-	OR	
Agata et al.,	130	Cross-	children and	Japan	Yes vs. No (Gifu)	2.98	1.98	4.49	< 0.05	RR	
1999		sectional	adolescents	зарап	Yes vs. No (Itoman)	3.06	1.53	6.11	< 0.05	RR	
Paternal history of	of allergic rhinitis			,			1	T	1		
Toizumi et al., 2019	144	Birth cohort	children	Vietnam	Yes vs. No	4.83	2.10	11.08	-	OR	Supplementary data.
Wen et al., 2009	176	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.50	1.32	1.72	< 0.001	OR	
Paternal history	of atopic dermatiti	is									
Wen et al., 2009	176	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	2.94	2.36	3.63	< 0.001	OR	
		Cross-			Yes vs. No	5.51	4.48	6.72	-	OR	
Lee et al., 2007	106	sectional	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No (Male-only)	6.20	4.75	8.04	-	OR	
		Sectional			Yes vs. No (Female-only)	4.38	3.12	6.03	-	OR	
Paternal history	of atopic diseases										
Toizumi et al., 2019	144	Birth cohort	children	Vietnam	Yes vs. No	3.48	1.56	7.77	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis
Ferrandiz-Mont et al., 2018	13	Cross- sectional	children	Indonesia	Probably/ever vs. No	4.09	1.51	11.11	-	OR	
Ziyab, 2017	23	Cross- sectional	Adult (university students)	Kuwait	Yes vs. No	1.54	1.02	2.33	0.042	PR	Atopic diseases: asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis
					Yes (AS or AR) vs. No	1.81	1.58	2.07	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma or allergic rhinitis
Lee et al., 2007	106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Yes (AS or AR) vs. No (male-only)	1.73	1.44	2.07	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma or allergic rhinitis
		Sectional			Yes (AS or AR) vs. No (female-only)	1.69	1.37	2.07	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma or allergic rhinitis

				1 atopic disease vs. None	4.40	1.77	10.94	_	OR	
						2.,,	10.71		OIC	
		1.11		≥2 atopic diseases vs. None	3.78	1.88	7.64	-	OR	
102	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	Father has (but mother does not have) vs. Both parents do not have	3.74	1.75	7.99	-	OR	Atopic diseases: asthma, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis
185	Case- control	children	Armenia	Yes vs. No	11.4	4.5	28.9	-	OR	
120	Cross-	children and	т	Yes vs. No (Gifu)	1.84	1.11	3.06	< 0.05	RR	
130	sectional	adolescents	Japan	Yes vs. No (Itoman)	3.95	2.00	7.80	< 0.05	RR	
of asthma										
46	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Iran	Yes vs. No	2.61	1.39	4.87	< 0.05	OR	
74	Cross- sectional	children	Japan	Father and mother vs. None	2.26	1.39	3.68	0.001	OR	
110	Cross-	adalasaants	Igraal	Yes vs. No	1.80	1.40		-	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
110	sectional	adolescents	Israei	Yes vs. No	1.79	1.36	2.34	-	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
of allergic rhinitis										
46	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Iran	Yes vs. No	2.37	1.55	3.63	< 0.001	OR	
74	Cross- sectional	children	Japan	Father or mother vs. None	1.15	1.01	1.32	0.049	OR	
120	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Singapore	Yes vs. No	3.0	1.5	6.1	-		
of atopic dermatiti	is									
46	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Iran	Yes vs. No	5.20	3.58	7.58	< 0.001	OR	
74	Cross-	ahilduan	Ioman	Father or mother vs. None	2.38	2.06	2.75	< 0.001	OR	
/4	sectional	cilidren	Japan	Father and mother vs. None	5.68	3.66	8.83	< 0.001	OR	
of urticaria										
74	Cross-	ahilduan	Iomon	Father or mother vs. None	1.36	1.17	1.59	< 0.001	OR	
74	sectional	cilidien	Japan	Father and mother vs. None	1.99	1.37	2.89	< 0.001	OR	
of conjunctivitis										
74	Cross-	ahildran	Ionon			1.01			OR	
, .	sectional	cilidien	Japan	Father and mother vs. None	1.66	1.08	2.54	0.020	OR	
of atopic diseases										
3	Cross- sectional	mixed	South Korea	Yes vs. No	2.3	1.09	4.9	0.028	OR	
141	Birth cohort	children	China	Yes vs. No	2.14	1.54	2.97	< 0.001	OR	Mother or father with asthma, allergic rhinitis or atopic dermatitis
71	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	Yes vs. No	3.5	2.1	6	-	OR	Mother or father with asthma, allergic rhinitis or atopic dermatitis
74	Cross-	children	Japan	Father or mother vs. None	1.22	1.04	1.43	0.016	OR	Mother or father with asthma, allergic rhinitis or atopic dermatitis
	sectional			Father and mother vs. None	1.35	1.35	1.63	0.002	OR	<u> </u>
106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No (male-only)	2.60	2.21	3.05	-	OR	Mother or father with asthma, allergic rhinitis or atopic dermatitis
	185 130 of asthma 46 74 118 of allergic rhinitis 46 74 120 of atopic dermatiti 46 74 of urticaria 74 of conjunctivitis 74 of atopic diseases 3 141 71 74	185	Sectional Adolescents	Sectional Adolescents Sectional Armenia	Sectional Adolescents Sectional Armenia Armenia Armenia Yes vs. No	185	Sectional adolescents Sectional adolescents Singapore Sectional Sect	have vs. Both parents do not have have vs. Both parents do not have h	New New	Autorescents Auto

Tallay et al., 2004 120 Cross sectional adolescents Turkey Solider and solidescents Turkey Solider and solidescents Singapore Singa				т					т		т	
Documentation Document Docu		<u> </u>				Yes vs. No (female-only)	2.63	2.19	3.16	-	OR	
Lee et al., 2004 121 Cross-sectional adolescents No 5.51 1.7 79 -		102			Turkey	Both parents have vs. None	3.81	1.57	9.21		OR	
Lee et al., 2014 121	Lee et al., 2004	120			Singapore		3.61	1.7	7.9	_	RR	
1990 1900	Lee et al., 2004	121	Cross-			Parental history of atopy	2.58	2.33	2.85	<0.01	OR	*
Name of al., 2016 179		130			Japan	Yes vs. No (Gifu)	4.00	2.51	6.37	< 0.05	RR	
Name of al., 2016 179	Maternal grandpa	arent history of at	opic dermati	tis	1	1	ĺ					
Le et al., 2012	Wang et al.,	•	Birth		Taiwan	Yes vs. No	4.56	1.39	15.00	< 0.05	OR	
Revision	Family history of	asthma			1	1	ĺ					
Family history of atopic dermatitis	Lee et al., 2012	64			Hong Kong	Yes vs. No	2.87	2.08	3.97	_	OR	
2006 179	Family history of	atopic dermatitis				1	1	'				
Pamily history of atopic diseases Pamily history of atopic dis		179	1	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	2.71	1.40	5.23	< 0.05	OR	
Wang et al., 2016 154	2004		1	children	Japan	Yes vs. No	6.68	5.73	7.79		OR	
2016 154		atopic diseases						<u> </u>				
2016	Wang et al.,		Birth	ahildran	Taiwan						_	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
Sectional Children China Yes vs. No 3.85 3.05 4.87 < 0.001 OR Family: parents or grandparents		154	cohort	children	1 aiwan	Yes vs. No	2.02	1.81		< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
2011	,	37		children	China	Yes vs. No	3.85	3.05	4.87	< 0.001	OR	Family: parents or grandparents
2008 102 sectional adolescents Turkey Yes vs. No 2.35 1.17 4.65 - OR Family: first degree relative	2011	70			Turkey	Yes vs. No	1.62	1.21	2.18	0.002	OR	AD outcome: flexural dermatitis
Ali, 1997	2008	102			Turkey	Yes vs. No	2.33	1.17	4.65	-	OR	Family: first degree relative
Maternal depression Wang et al., 2016 154 Birth cohort children Taiwan Postpartum depression: Yes vs. No 1.42 1.21 1.66 <0.001 OR Li et al., 2011 76 Cross-sectional children and adolescents China China China Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No 2.4 1.1 5.8 - OR Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No (Guangzhou) Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No (Xian) 5.9 2.4 14.6 - OR Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No (Xian) Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No (Xian) 5.9 2.4 14.6 - OR		138		children	Turkey	Yes vs. No	6.44	3.50	11.87	-	OR	Family: mother, father siblings
Maternal depression Wang et al., 2016 154 Birth cohort Children Taiwan Postpartum depression: Yes vs. No 1.42 1.21 1.66 <0.001 OR Li et al., 2011 76 Cross-sectional children and adolescents China China China Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No 2.4 1.1 5.8 - OR Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No (Guangzhou) Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No (Xian) 5.9 2.4 14.6 - OR Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No (Xian) Diagnosed pre- and post-partum: Yes vs. No (Xian) 5.9 2.4 14.6 - OR	Psychological	l well-being										
Cross-sectional Talwan No	Maternal depressi											
Li et al., 2011 76 Cross-sectional China		154		children	Taiwan	No	1.42	1.21	1.66	<0.001	OR	
Li et al., 2011 76 Cross-sectional China		·				partum: Yes vs. No	1.7	1.3	2.4		OR	
Diagnosed pre- and post- partum: Yes vs. No (Xian) Diagnosed pre- and post- A 7 2 0 10 8 OP	Li et al., 2011	76			China	Diagnosed pre- and post- partum: Yes vs. No (Guangzhou)	2.4	1.1	5.8	-	OR	
		! !	Sectional	auorescents		partum: Yes vs. No (Xian)	5.9	2.4	14.6	-	OR	
						Diagnosed pre- and post- partum: Yes vs. No (Hohhot)	4.7	2.0	10.8		OR	

Paternal depressi	ion								, ,		
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Diagnosed depression: Yes vs. No (Wuhan)	2.7	1.5	6.8	_	OR	
Maternal work so	chedule										
Wang et al.,	164	Birth	children	Taiwan	Day vs. Unemployed	1.25	1.01	1.41	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
2013		cohort	Cilitaten	Taiwaii	Day vs. Unemployed	1.47	1.33	1.63	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
Maternal work st	tress										
		Ţ '			Very high/high vs. Low/not at all (excluding unemployed)	1.43	1.20	1.70	<0.001	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
Wang et al.,	164	Birth	children	Taiwan	Intermediate vs. Low/not at all (excluding unemployed)	1.20	1.00	1.45	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
2013	104	cohort	Cindren	Taiwan	Very high/high vs. Low/not at all (excluding unemployed)	1.34	1.16	1.54	<0.001	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
					Intermediate vs. Low/not at all (excluding unemployed)	1.22	1.05	1.41	<0.01	OR	AD outcome: physician-diagnosed AD
Other condit	ions										
Maternal pre-pre	egnancy obesity	•	_	•							
Goudarzi et al.,	146	Birth	al. II dana	Lanca	Maternal pre-pregnancy BMI (continuous, AD at 4 year-old)	0.96	0.93	0.99	0.015	RR	BMI: Body Mass Index
2018	146	cohort	children	Japan	Maternal pre-pregnancy BMI (continuous AD at 7 year-old)	0.97	0.94	0.99	0.040	RR	BMI: Body Mass Index
Maternal infection	ons during pregnar	ncy									
Doğruel et al., 2016	150	Birth cohort	children	Turkey	Yes vs. No	3.73	1.25	11.09	0.018	OR	
					Periodontal disease: Yes vs. No inflammatory conditions	1.14	1.12	1.17	< 0.001	HR	
Hsieh et al., 2016	151	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Other inflammatory conditions: Yes vs. No inflammatory conditions	1.12	1.10	1.15	<0.001	HR	Inflammatory conditions: urinary tract infection, bacterial vaginosis, infections of genitourinary tract, infections of kidney, inflammatory disease of cervix, vagina
Lung diseases											
Waked &	93	Cross-	children and	Lebanon	Yes vs. No	2.11	1.58	2.81	<10^-4	OR	
Salameh, 2009		sectional	adolescents	Levanon	Yes vs. No	1.43	1.06	1.93	0.02	OR	
Snoring			,			_			, ,		
	76	Cross-	s- children and	China	Paternal snoring: Yes vs. No	1.2	1.0	1.4	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	sectional	adolescents	China	Paternal snoring: Yes vs. No (Urumqi)	1.7	1.1	1.2	-	OR	

^{*}Mixed: study investigated a mixed of children, adolescents, and adults.

Supplemental Table 4: Significant estimates of medical treatments

Study	Reference number in Supplementary Appendix 1	Study design	Study population (children, adolescents, adult, mixed)	Country/ region	Risk factor definition	Estimate	Lower CI	Upper CI	p-value	Measure of estimates (OR, HR, PR, RR)	Remarks
Antibiotics											
During pregnancy	,	_					T		T		
Gao et al., 2019	141	Birth cohort	children	China	During pregnancy: Yes vs. no	3.59	1.19	10.85	0.024	OR	
After birth											
Gao et al., 2019	141	Birth cohort	children	China	During first year of life: Yes vs. no	0.44	0.28	0.7	< 0.001	OR	
Ho et al., 2019	5	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	During first year of life: Yes vs. no	1.37	1.22	1.53	< 0.001	OR	
					Only during first year of life vs. Never	1.20	1.11	1.30	≤0.001	OR	
					During or/and after first year of life vs. Never	1.37	1.27	1.47	≤0.001	OR	
					During first year of life: 1 time vs. None	1.15	1.07	1.24	≤0.001	OR	
					During first year of life: >1 time vs. None	1.45	1.36	1.56	≤0.001	OR	
Norbäck et al., 2019	7	Cross- sectional	children	China	Only during first year of life vs. Never (only children without lifetime pneumonia or long duration of common cold)	1.16	1.05	1.29	≤0.01	OR	
					During or/and after first year of life vs. Never (only children without lifetime pneumonia or long duration of common cold)	1.28	1.17	1.40	≤0.001	OR	
					During first year of life: >1 time vs. None (only children without lifetime pneumonia or long duration of common cold)	1.36	1.24	1.50	≤0.001	OR	
Singh et al., 2018	17	Cross- sectional	children	India	During first year of life: Yes vs. No (6-7 years-old only)	1.8	1.6	2.0	< 0.0001	OR	
G : 1 - 2017	1.0	Cross-	1.11	GI :	During first year of life: Yes vs. No	1.20	1.08	1.33	-	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD
Cai et al., 2017	19	sectional	children	China	During first year of life: Yes vs. No	1.25	1.11	1.41	-	OR	AD outcome: current AD
Yamamoto-		Birth			Before 3 years old: Yes vs. No	1.40	1.01	1.94	0.44	OR	
Hanada et al., 2017	149	cohort	children	Japan	Macrolide use before 3 years old: Yes vs. No	1.58	1.07	2.33	0.022	OR	
Loo et al., 2015	158	Birth cohort	children	Singapore	During first 6 months of life: Yes vs. No	3.11	1.10	8.76	0.03	OR	AD outcome: AD in 12 to 18 months

Wang at -1, 2012	1/5	Birth	akil Jaara	Toi	During first year of life: Antibiotics only (no acetaminophen) vs. No exposure to both antibiotics and acetaminophen (1998 cohort only)	1.61	1.53	1.70	-	HR	
Wang et al., 2013	165	cohort	children	Taiwan	During first year of life: Exposure to both antibiotics and acetaminophen vs. No exposure to both antibiotics and acetaminophen (1998 cohort only)	1.98	1.89	2.07	-	HR	
Sriyaraj et al., 2008	101	Cross- sectional	children	Thailand	During first year of life: Yes vs. No	2.92	1.49	5.69	0.002	OR	AD outcome: Ever chronic rash
Sahakyan et al., 2006	185	Case- control	children	Armenia	During first year of life: Yes vs. No	2.5	1.3	5.2	-	OR	
Paracetomol											
Wang et al., 2013	165	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	During first year of life: Acetaminophen only (no antibiotics) vs. No exposure to both antibiotics and acetaminophen (1998 cohort only)	2.02	1.92	2.13	-	HR	
					During first year of life: Yes vs. No (6-7 years-old only)	1.7	1.5	2.0	<0.0001	OR	
Singh et al., 2018	17	Cross- sectional	children	India	Current intake: Yes vs. No (6-7 years-old only)	1.4	1.2	1.6	<0.0001	OR	
					Current intake: Yes vs. No (13-14 years-old only)	0.8	0.7	0.9	<0.0001	OR	
General anaes	thesia										
					During first year of life: Yes vs. No	0.60	0.57	0.64	-	HR	
Kuo et al., 2016	152	Birth	children	Taiwan	During first year of life: General anaesthesia using mask vs. No exposure	0.61	0.53	0.69	-	HR	
Kuo et al., 2010	132	cohort	cinidicii	Tarwan	During first year of life: General anaesthesia using intubation vs. No exposure	0.60	0.56	0.64	-	HR	
Phototherapy	& Neonate ja	undice									
Bahraini et al., 2019	184	Case- control	children	Iran	Phototherapy: Yes vs. No	4.24	1.38	13.06	-	OR	
					Neonatal jaundice: Yes vs. No (females)	2.46	2.27	2.68	< 0.001	HR	
Wei et al., 2015	157	Birth	children	Taiwan	Neonatal jaundice: Yes vs. No (males)	2.50	2.34	2.68	< 0.001	HR	
		cohort			Phototherapy: Yes vs. No (only infants with neonatal jaundice)	1.22	1.14	1.29	< 0.001	HR	
Vaccination be	efore 6 month	s-old									
Wang et al., 2012	167	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	DTP-Hib &OPV vaccination vs. DTP & OPV vaccination	1.38	1.15	1.65	<0.05	OR	DTP: Diphtheriae-tetanus- pertussis; Hib: Haemophilus influenzae type b; OPV: oral poliomyelitis vaccine
Wang et al., 2012	167	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	DTP-Hib-IPV vs. DTP & OPV vaccination	1.49	1.29	1.72	< 0.05	OR	IPV: inactivated poliomyelitis vaccine

<u>Supplemental Table 5: Significant estimates of outdoor environmental factors</u>

Study	Reference number in Supplementary Appendix 1	Study design	Study population (children, adolescents, adult, mixed)	Country/ region	Risk factor definition	Estimate	Lower CI	Upper CI	p-value	Measure of estimate (OR, HR, PR, RR)	Remarks
Urbanisatio	on								•		
					Highest vs. Lowest	1.74	1.67	1.80	-	OR	
Lin et al., 2019	142	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	2nd highest vs. Lowest	1.34	1.28	1.39	-	OR	
					3rd highest vs. Lowest	1.14	1.09	1.20	-	OR	
Wang et al., 2019	9	Cross- sectional	adults	China	Urban vs. Suburban #	1.52	1.20	1.89	< 0.001	OR	
Cai et al.,	19	Cross-	children	China	Urban vs. Suburban	1.38	1.25	1.53	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	19	sectional	Cilidren	Cillia	Urban vs. Suburban	1.29	1.14	1.46	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Guo et al., 2016	27	Cross- sectional	children	China	Urban vs. rural #	11.63	9.52	14.08	<0.001	OR	
Lee et al.,	29	Cross-	adolescents	South	Small, medium cities vs. Districts	1.10	1.02	1.19	< 0.05	OR	
2016	29	sectional	adolescents	Korea	Large cities vs. Districts	1.10	1.02	1.19	< 0.05	OR	
Xu et al.,	25	Cross-	1.11	GI :	Yes vs. No	1.52	1.18	1.96	< 0.01	OR	
2016	37	sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No (individuals without family history of atopic diseases)	1.99	1.39	2.85	< 0.001	OR	
Wang et al.,	154	Birth	children	Taiwan	Urban vs. rural	1.14	1.00	1.30	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Chronic flexural itchy rash
2016		cohort			Urban vs. rural	1.49	1.33	1.67	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Physician-diagnosed AD
Xu et al., 2012	68	Cross- sectional	children	China	City centre vs. Countryside	1.509	1.111	2.050	-	OR	
Graif et al., 2004	118	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Israel	Yes vs. No	1.42	1.14	1.77	-	OR	AD outcome: Chronic itchy rash
Residential	area/city										
Acharya et al., 2019	3	Cross- sectional	Mixed	South Korea	Pohang-Si (industrialised city) vs. Yeongdeok-Gun (non-industrialised)	2.5	1.18	5.53	0.018	OR	Pohang-Si is an industrial city
Altuğ et al., 2013	55	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	R3 (city centre with urbanised traffic) vs. R1 (suburban region far from city centre) #	0.58	0.35	0.97	-	OR	AD outcome: Current chronic rash
Musharrafieh et al., 2009	91	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Lebanon	Beirut vs. Beirut suburbs #	1.43	1.11	2.00	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Chengdu vs. Urumqi	0.6	0.5	0.8	-	OR	

	т							ı		ı	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
					Hohhot vs. Urumqi	1.3	1.0	1.7	-	OR	
Waked & Salameh, 2008	103	Cross- sectional	children	Lebanon	Beirut vs. South Lebanon #	1.82	1.03	3.13	0.04	OR	
Lee & Kim, 2011	72	Cross- sectional	Adults (residents ≥18 years-old)	South Korea	Living in geographical area labelled as high risk of atopic diseases	9.74	7.56	12.54	< 0.05	OR	
Commercial di	strict within 200m	ı					.1		u .	Į.	
Cai et al., 2017	19	Cross- sectional	children	China	Commercial district within 200m of residence: Yes vs. No	1.16	1.05	1.28	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al., 2017	19	Cross- sectional	children	China	Commercial district within 200m of residence: Yes vs. No	1.19	1.05	1.34	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
River or lake w	ithin 200m				T	т		1	1	T	1
Cai et al., 2017	19	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No	1.21	1.02	1.43	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Traditional Ch	inese Medicine phy	ysician densit	ty					1	1		_
Kuo et al., 2016	28	Cross- sectional	mixed	Taiwan	High vs. Moderate	1.28	1.13	1.45	-	OR	Number of physicians per 10000 people for each of the administrative units
Traffic flow	v								•	•	
Cai et al., 2017	19	Cross- sectional	children	China	Highway within 200m of residence: Yes vs. No	1.15	1.03	1.29	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Singh et al.,	17	Cross-	-1-:1dman	India	Yes vs. No (6-7 years-old only)	1.1	1.0	1.3	0.03	OR	
2018	1 /	sectional	children	India	Yes vs. No (13-14 years-old only)	1.3	1.2	1.5	< 0.0001	OR	
1		†	†		≤150m vs. >500m from residence	1.15	1.01	1.32	-	OR	
ļ			'	1	150-300m vs. >500m from residence	1.17	1.03	1.34	-	OR	
ļ			'	1	300-500m vs. >500m from residence	1.16	1.16	1.34	-	OR	
Yi et al., 2017	22	Cross- sectional	children	South Korea	Density of roads within 300m from residence	1.08	1.01	1.15	-	OR	For every interquartile range (13,120m²) increase; Density of roads is defined by the sum of road lengths multiplied by numbers of lanes and road widths of major roads within a 300m radius buffer from a child's home.
Al-Sahab et al., 2008	94	Cross- sectional	children	Lebanon	Continuously during daytime vs. Never/rarely	1.48	1.11	1.97	-	OR	
Sriyaraj et al., 2008	101	Cross- sectional	children	Thailand	Frequency of truck passing residence: frequently throughout the day vs. Never	5.86	2.02	17.00	0.001	OR	AD outcome: ever chronic rash

	1	1	T	•				1	1		
					Frequency of truck passing residence: Almost the whole day vs. Never	4.09	1.37	12.26	0.012	OR	AD outcome: ever chronic rash
Oxides of n	itrogen (NOx))									
Before pregnan	ncy										
Lu et al., 2017	21	Cross- sectional	children	China	NO2 during 1-3 months before pregnancy (continuous)	1.24	1.00	1.53	≤0.05	OR	For per interquartile range increase
During pregnar	ncy	•									
Deng et al., 2019	4	Cross- sectional	children	China	NO2 during pregnancy: ≥54.48 vs. ≤29.20µg/m^3	1.496	1.139	1.966	< 0.05	OR	
		Cross-			NO2 entire pregnancy (continuous)	1.42	1.08	1.86	≤0.05	OR	For per interquartile range increase
Lu et al., 2017	21	sectional	children	China	NO2 1st trimester (continuous)	1.65	1.28	2.13	≤0.001	OR	For per interquartile range increase
		sectional			NO2 2nd trimester (continuous)	1.30	1.04	1.63	≤0.05	OR	For per interquartile range increase
Liu et al.,	32	Cross-	children	China	NO2 during pregnancy (continuous)	1.80	1.29	2.49	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; per interquartile range increase
2016	32	sectional	cilidren	Cillia	NO2 during pregnancy (continuous)	2.32	1.57	3.43	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; per interquartile range increase
					NO2 during entire pregnancy (continuous)	1.37	1.04	1.80	< 0.05	OR	Per interquartile range increase
Deng et al., 2016	25	Cross- sectional	children	China	NO2 during 1st trimester of pregnancy (continuous)	1.54	1.14	2.09	< 0.01	OR	Per interquartile range increase
					NO2 during 3rd trimester of pregnancy (continuous)	0.71	0.54	0.92	< 0.05	OR	Per interquartile range increase
After birth		•									
Norbäck et al., 2019	7	Cross- sectional	children	China	Lifetime mean NO2 (continuous)	1.16	1.01	1.35	≤0.05	OR	For 10 μg/m3 increase in lifetime NO2.
Deng et al.,	4	Cross-	children	China	NO2 during first year of life: 29.30- 54.48 vs. ≤29.20µg/m ³	1.371	1.086	1.729	< 0.05	OR	
2019	4	sectional	cilidieli	Cillia	NO2 during first year of life: ≥54.48 vs. ≤29.20µg/m ³	1.335	1.033	1.726	< 0.05	OR	
					NO2 during first year of life (continuous)	2.00	1.40	2.84	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; per interquartile range increase
					NO2 during first year of life (continuous)	2.16	1.43	3.28	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; per interquartile range increase
					NO2 during first two years of life (continuous)	2.49	1.61	3.85	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; per interquartile range increase
Liu et al.,	22	32 Cross-sectional	children	China	NO2 during first two years of life (continuous)	2.63	1.57	4.40	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; per interquartile range increase
2016	32		children	Cillia	NO2 during first three years of life (continuous)	1.83	1.26	2.68	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; per interquartile range increase
					NO2 during first three years of life (continuous)	1.83	1.17	2.86	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; per interquartile range increase
					NO2 in total lifetime (continuous)	1.59	1.11	2.29	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; per interquartile range increase
					NO2 in total lifetime (continuous)	1.74	1.13	2.68	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; per interquartile range increase

Lee et al., 2008	98	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Taiwan	NOx (females only)	1.11	1.02	1.21	< 0.05	RR	AD outcome: Chronic flexural rash; Per interquartile range increase
Particulate	Matter 10 (PI	M10)									
					PM10 during pregnancy: 112.82- 124.87 vs. ≤106.15µg/m^3	1.294	1.024	1.635	< 0.05	OR	
Deng et al.,	4	Cross-	children	China	PM10 during pregnancy: ≥124.87 vs. ≤106.15μg/m ³	1.464	1.115	1.924	< 0.05	OR	
2019	4	sectional	cinidien	Cillia	PM10 during first year of life: 112.82-124.87 vs. ≤106.15µg/m^3	1.305	1.019	1.673	< 0.05	OR	
					PM10 during first year of life: ≥124.87 vs. ≤106.15µg/m^3	1.333	1.024	1.735	< 0.05	OR	
Norbäck et al., 2019	7	Cross- sectional	children	China	Lifetime mean PM10 (continuous)	1.17	1.06	1.28	≤0.001	OR	For 10 μg/m3 increase in lifetime NO2.
Lu et al., 2017	21	Cross- sectional	children	China	PM10 during 4-6th month before pregnancy (continuous)	0.82	0.68	0.99	≤0.05	OR	Per interquartile range increase
Deng et al., 2016	26	Cross- sectional	children	China	PM10 before pregnancy (continuous)	0.70	0.50	0.98	< 0.05	OR	Per interquartile range increase
Lee et al., 2008	98	Cross-	children and adolescents	Taiwan	PM10 (continuous) (females only)	0.87	0.78	0.97	< 0.05	RR	AD outcome: Chronic itchy rash; a change in each factor by interquartile range
2008		sectional	adolescents		PM10 (continuous) (females only)	0.79	0.70	0.89	< 0.01	RR	AD outcome: Chronic flexural rash; Per interquartile range increase
PM2.5, SO2	2, CO, Perceiv	ed air pol	lution								
					PM2.5 during pregnancy: 73.28- 74.63 vs. ≤68.02μg/m^3	1.377	1.08	1.757	< 0.05	OR	
Deng et al., 2019	4	Cross- sectional	children	China	PM2.5 during pregnancy: ≥74.63 vs. ≤68.02μg/m ³	1.451	1.128	1.865	< 0.05	OR	
					PM2.5 during first year of life: ≥74.63 vs. ≤68.02µg/m^3	1.343	1.016	1.775	< 0.05	OR	
Norbäck et al., 2019	7	Cross- sectional	children	China	Lifetime mean temperature (continuous variable)	1.13	1.08	1.19	≤0.001	OR	For 1 degree Celsius increase in lifetime mean temperature
Lu et al., 2017	21	Cross- sectional	children	China	SO2 during 1st trimester (continuous)	0.79	0.65	0.95	≤0.05	OR	Per interquartile range increase
					CO (females only) (continuous)	1.10	1.00	1.22	<0.05	RR	AD outcome: Chronic flexural itchy rash; a change in each factor by interquartile range
Lee et al.,	98	Cross-	children and	Taiwan	Traffic-related air pollution factor (continuous) (males only)	1.09	1.00	1.19	< 0.05	RR	AD outcome: Chronic flexural itchy rash; a change in each factor by interquartile range
2008	70	sectional	adolescents	1 ai waii	Traffic-related air pollution factor (continuous) (females only)	1.08	1.00	1.16	<0.05	RR	AD outcome: Chronic itchy rash; a change in each factor by interquartile range
					Traffic-related air pollution factor (continuous) (females only)	1.12	1.04	1.22	<0.05	RR	AD outcome: Chronic flexural itchy rash; a change in each factor by interquartile range

					Fossil fuel combustion-related air						AD outcome: Chronic itchy rash; a
					pollution factor (continuous) (females only)	0.89	0.82	0.97	< 0.05	RR	change in each factor by interquartile range
					Fossil fuel combustion-related air pollution factor (continuous) (females only)	0.84	0.76	0.91	<0.05	RR	AD outcome: Chronic flexural itchy rash; a change in each factor by interquartile range
					Perceived ambient air pollution level: Mild vs. No	1.22	1.06	1.40	-	OR	
Lee et al., 2007	106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Perceived ambient air pollution level: Moderate-severe vs. No	1.56	1.23	1.97	-	OR	
2007		sectional			Perceived ambient air pollution (males without parental atopic diseases only)	1.32	1.02	1.72	-	OR	
Climatic en	vironmental f	actors									
Metintas et al., 2010	83	Cross- sectional	children	Turkey	Mean annual temperature (female-only)	1.007	1.001	1.012	< 0.05	OR	
Miyashita et al., 2015	43	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Costal municipalities	1.18	1.02	1.36	<0.05	OR	
Kawada et al.,	119	Cross-	children	Ionon	Living at higher altitude: 100-200m vs. 0-100m	1.38	1.16	1.64	-	OR	
2004	119	sectional	children	Japan	Living at higher altitude: 200-1200m vs. 0-100m	1.47	1.19	1.81	-	OR	
Water hard	lness										
Miyake et al., 2004	122	Cross- sectional	children	Japan	Water hardness: 54.0-75.9 vs. <48.0 mg/L	1.08	1.05	1.10	-	OR	
Miyake et al., 2004	122	Cross- sectional	children	Japan	Water hardness: +76.0 vs. <48.0 mg/L	1.12	1.06	1.18	-	OR	
Occupation	nal exposure										
Kurt et al., 2011	73	Cross- sectional	Adults (residents ≥18 years-old)	Turkey	Chemical fume exposure due to work vs. No exposure	3.7	1.3	10.6	<0.05	OR	

[#] ORs and 95% CI has been converted so that the direction of the comparison and reference groups matches the other entries.

^{*}Mixed: study investigated a mixed of children, adolescents, and adults.

<u>Supplemental Table 6: Significant estimates of indoor environmental factors</u>

Study	Reference number in Supplementary Appendix 1	Study design	Study population (children, adolescents, adult, mixed*)	Country/ region	Risk factor definition	Estimate	Lower CI	Upper CI	p-value	Measure of estimates (OR, HR, PR, RR)	Remarks
	novation										
One year b	efore pregnancy		Τ		T x x	1	1.04	1.25	0.001	O.D.	LAB AND AND
					Yes vs. No	1.15	1.06 1.03	1.25 1.26	0.001 0.014	OR OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD AD outcome: Current AD
					Yes vs. No	1.14	1.03	1.26	0.014	OK	AD outcome: Current AD AD outcome: Lifetime AD;
					Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.16	1.04	1.29	0.008	OR	Supplementary data
Sun et al.,	8	Cross-	children	China	Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.19	1.03	1.37	0.015	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
2019	0	sectional	children	Cillia	Yes vs. No (southern cities only)	1.11	1.02	1.22	0.023	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (high income level only)	1.17	1.07	1.28	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (High income level only)	1.12	1.01	1.26	0.039	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data
Cai et al.,	10	Cross-	1 '1 1	CI.	Yes vs. no	1.18	1.04	1.33	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	18	sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No	1.20	1.04	1.39	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
During pre	gnancy										
					Yes vs. No	1.26	1.10	1.46	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Yes vs. No	1.31	1.11	1.56	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.23	1.01	1.48	0.035	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.28	1.05	1.56	0.015	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (southern cities only)	1.35	1.15	1.58	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
Sun et al., 2019	8	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No (high income level only)	1.18	1.01	1.38	0.038	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (low income level only)	1.56	1.18	2.06	0.002	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.39	1.10	1.75	0.006	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Yes vs. No (southern cities)	1.29	1.06	1.57	0.012	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Yes vs. No (low income level only)	1.97	1.42	2.76	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
Cai et al.,	10	Cross-	-1-11.1	China	Yes vs. no	1.49	1.20	1.84	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	18	sectional	children	China	Yes vs. no	1.39	1.08	1.80	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
	34		children	China	Yes vs. No	1.41	1.03	1.93	< 0.05	OR	

				_	-			1			
Xu et al., 2016		Cross- sectional			Yes vs. No (individuals without familial atopic diseases only)	2.10	1.35	3.26	< 0.01	OR	
Deng et al., 2016	25	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No	1.52	1.05	2.20	< 0.05	OR	
Wen et al., 2009	158	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.61	1.27	2.02	< 0.001	OR	
First year o	f life										
					Yes vs. No	1.26	1.04	1.54	0.02	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Yes vs. No	1.26	1.07	1.48	0.005	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.25	1.01	1.55	0.037	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
Sun et al., 2019	8	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No (southern cities only)	1.32	1.09	1.59	0.004	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (high income level only)	1.23	1.03	1.47	0.025	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (low income level only)	1.47	1.02	2.12	0.037	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
Cai et al., 2017	18	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. no	1.31	1.00	1.72	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
After first y	ear of life										
					Yes vs. No	1.22	1.13	1.32	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Yes vs. No	1.28	1.16	1.41	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.19	1.07	1.32	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.24	1.11	1.39	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (southern cities)	1.19	1.09	1.30	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
Sun et al.,	8	Cross-	ahil duan	China	Yes vs. No (nothern cities only)	1.23	1.07	1.41	0.003	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
2019	0	sectional	children	Ciliia	Yes vs. No (high income level only)	1.27	1.16	1.38	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.33	1.16	1.51	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.23	1.08	1.41	0.002	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Yes vs. No (southern cities)	1.29	1.16	1.44	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Yes vs. No (High income level only)	1.32	1.19	1.47	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
Cai et al.,	18	Cross-	children	China	Yes vs. no	1.23	1.09	1.39	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017		sectional	Cinidien	Cillia	Yes vs. no	1.35	1.17	1.55	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Buying new											
	efore pregnancy			·			1		1		
Sun et al.,	8	Cross-	children	China	One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No	1.16	1.08	1.24	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2019	0	sectional		2111114	One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No	1.13	1.04	1.23	0.004	OR	AD outcome: Current AD

					One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.16	1.06	1.26	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.17	1.07	1.29	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.2	1.07	1.35	0.002	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No (southern cities)	1.17	1.08	1.27	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No (southern cities)	1.14	1.03	1.25	0.01	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No (high income level only)	1.22	1.13	1.31	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No (High income level only)	1.19	1.09	1.31	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
Cai et al.,		Cross-			One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No	1.21	1.09	1.34	_	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	18	sectional	children	China	One year before pregnancy: Yes vs. No	1.20	1.06	1.35	_	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
		Cross-			6 months before pregnancy: Yes vs. No	1.20	1.00	1.55		OK	AD outcome. Current AD
Xu et al.,	34	sectional	children	China	(parents/grandparents without atopic	1.91	1.17	3.14	< 0.05	OR	
2016	3.	study	ciniaren	Cimia	diseases)	1.71	1.17	3.11	(0.05	on	
During preg	gnancy	,		1	,						
					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No	1.19	1.10	1.30	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No	1.28	1.15	1.42	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.2	1.04	1.39	0.015	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.3	1.15	1.47	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.34	1.15	1.55	<0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
G 1					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No	1.2	1.08	1.33	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD;
Sun et al., 2019	8	Cross- sectional	children	China	(southern cities) During pregnancy: Yes vs. No	1.22	1.08	1.39	0.002	OR	Supplementary data AD outcome: Current AD;
					(southern cities)	1.22	1.00	1.57	0.002	OK	Supplementary data.
					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No (northern cities only)	1.25	1.03	1.52	0.021	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No (high income level only)	1.21	1.10	1.33	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No (High income level only)	1.222	1.09	1.38	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					During pregnancy: Yes vs. No (low income level only)	1.39	1.12	1.75	0.003	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
Cai et al.,	10	Cross-	1211	CI :	During pregnancy: Yes vs. no	1.22	1.06	1.40	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	18	sectional	children	China	During pregnancy: Yes vs. no	1.26	1.07	1.48	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
During first	t year of life	•		•	<u>, D, D, J, an and a l</u>						
Sun et al.,	O	Cross-	الأامام	Cl-:	During first year of life: Yes vs. No	1.14	1.05	1.25	0.003	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2019	8	sectional	children	China	During first year of life: Yes vs. No	1.15	1.03	1.28	0.011	OR	AD outcome: Current AD

					During first year of life: Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.2	1.06	1.36	0.003	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					During first year of life: Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.23	1.06	1.43	0.007	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					During first year of life: Yes vs. No (southern cities)	1.15	1.04	1.27	0.009	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					During first year of life: Yes vs. No (high income level only)	1.11	1.00	1.22	0.044	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					During first year of life: Yes vs. No (High income level only)	1.13	1.00	1.27	0.049	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
After first y	ear of life			•					•	•	
•					After first year of life: Yes vs. No	1.16	1.09	1.23	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					After first year of life: Yes vs. No	1.15	1.06	1.25	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					After first year of life: Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.18	1.09	1.28	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					After first year of life: Yes vs. No (Male only)	1.19	1.07	1.32	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					After first year of life: Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.16	1.06	1.27	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
Sun et al.,	0	Cross-	-L:11.d	Ch:	After first year of life: Yes vs. No (Female only)	1.15	1.03	1.28	0.012	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
2019	8	sectional	children	China	After first year of life: Yes vs. No (southern cities)	1.16	1.08	1.25	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					After first year of life: Yes vs. No (southern cities)	1.16	1.06	1.27	0.002	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					After first year of life: Yes vs. No (northern cities only)	1.14	1.02	1.27	0.019	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					After first year of life: Yes vs. No (high income level only)	1.19	1.11	1.27	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data
					After first year of life: Yes vs. No (High income level only)	1.22	1.12	1.33	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
Cai et al		Cross-			During first year of life: Yes vs. no	1.17	1.02	1.35	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	18	sectional	children	China	After first year of life: Yes vs. no	1.17	1.06	1.29	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
		sectional			After first year of life: Yes vs. No	1.18	1.05	1.32	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Deng et al., 2016	25	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No	1.34	1.06	1.69	< 0.05	OR	
House pain	ting				<u>, </u>			1			
Wen et al., 2009	158	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.72	1.30	2.24	< 0.001	OR	
Combined l	home renovation a	ctivities									
Wen et al., 2009	158	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Both furniture painting and renovation vs. No	1.67	1.15	2.36	< 0.01	OR	
Flooring	and wall mat	erial									
	aterial in child's be										
Sun et al., 2019	8	Cross- sectional	children	China	Laminate flooring vs. Cement (Southern cities only)	1.24	1.00	1.53	0.048	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD; Supplementary data.

				ı			1			1	,
					Solid wood vs. Cement	1.27	1.05	1.52	0.12	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Solid wood vs. Cement (male only)	1.38	1.08	1.77	0.009	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Solid wood vs. Cement (southern cities only)	1.30	1.06	1.59	0.012	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Solid wood vs. Cement (high income	1.45	1.15	1.82	0.002	OR	AD outcome: Current AD;
					level only)						Supplementary data.
					Tiles/ceramic, stone vs. Cement	1.24	1.04	1.48	0.18	OR	AD outcome: Current AD AD outcome: Current AD;
					Tiles/ceramic, stone vs. Cement (male only)	1.30	1.02	1.65	0.031	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Tiles/ceramic, stone vs. Cement (southern cities only)	1.29	1.06	1.56	0.011	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Tiles/ceramic, stone vs. Cement (high income level only)	1.41	1.12	1.75	0.003	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Solid wood vs. Cement	1.42	1.16	1.73	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al.,		Cross-			Solid wood vs. Cement	1.70	1.29	2.23	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
2017	18	sectional	children	China	Laminate wood vs. Cement	1.58	1.26	1.98	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
301,		Jeenshar			Laminate wood vs. Cement	1.92	1.42	2.59	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Others vs. Cement	1.68	1.13	2.50	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Wall mater	ial in child's bedro	om		1	1		T			T	
					Wallpaper vs. Lime	1.39	1.16	1.67	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Wallpaper vs. Lime (male only)	1.48	1.16	1.89	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Wallpaper vs. Lime (southern cities only)	1.4	1.15	1.70	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Wallpaper vs. Lime (high income level only)	1.24	1.00	1.53	0.05	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Wallpaper vs. Lime (low income level only)	1.38	1.01	1.89	0.043	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Oil paint vs. Lime	1.39	1.17	1.66	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Oil paint vs. Lime (male only)	1.40	1.10	1.77	0.006	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
Sun et al., 2019	8	Cross- sectional	children	China	Oil paint vs. Lime (female only)	1.31	1.03	1.66	0.03	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Oil paint vs. Lime (southern cities only)	1.43	1.19	1.70	0.000	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Oil paint vs. Lime (high income level only)	1.37	1.13	1.66	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Emulsion paint vs. Lime	1.27	1.1	1.46	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Emulsion paint vs. Lime (male only)	1.32	1.09	1.60	0.004	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Emulsion paint vs. Lime (southern cities only)	1.34	1.15	1.56	0.000	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
					Emulsion paint vs. Lime (high income level only)	1.22	1.03	1.44	0.023	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.

					Cement vs. Lime (low income level)	1.58	1.11	2.25	0.012	OR	AD outcome: Current AD; Supplementary data.
Househo	ld damnnagg	1		ļ.	<u> </u>						Supplementary data.
	old dampness										
	ing/bedding	T -	T	1			ı		Г		
Wang et al., 2019	9	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No	1.35	1.16	1.56	< 0.001	OR	
Cai et al.,	18	Cross-	children	China	At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.22	1.12	1.34	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	10	sectional	Cilitaren	Cillia	At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.19	1.07	1.33	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Yes vs. No	1.27	1.15	1.39	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Yes vs. No	1.24	1.11	1.39	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Yes vs. No (female only)	1.25	1.09	1.42	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Yes vs. No (female only)	1.26	1.07	1.47	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Yes vs. No (male only)	1.28	1.13	1.46	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Yes vs. No (male only)	1.23	1.05	1.44	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Cai et al., 2016	23	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No (individuals with familial atopic diseases only)	1.32	1.13	1.55	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Yes vs. No (individuals with familial atopic diseases only)	1.23	1.03	1.48	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Yes vs. No (individuals without familial atopic diseases only)	1.24	1.11	1.39	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Yes vs. No (individuals without familial atopic diseases only)	1.25	1.08	1.44	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Moulds spo	its	•		•	, , ,						
		6			Residence at child's birth: Yes vs. No	1.41	1.25	1.59	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al., 2017	18	Cross-	children	China	Residence at child's birth: Yes vs. No	1.23	1.06	1.43	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
2017		sectional			At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.32	1.13	1.54	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.34	1.14	1.58	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (females only)	1.52	1.21	1.92	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al., 2016	23	Cross- sectional	children	China	At current residence: Yes vs. No (females only)	1.34	1.02	1.77	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (individuals without family atopic diseases only)	1.37	1.12	1.68	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Yes vs. No	2.00	1.48	2.70	< 0.001		
Xu et al.,	34	Cross-	children	China	Yes vs. No (individuals without familial atopic diseases only)	1.64	1.04	2.60	< 0.05	OR	
2016		sectional			Yes vs. No (individuals with familial atopic diseases only)	2.32	1.54	3.49	< 0.001	OR	
Altuğ et al., 2013	49	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	Yes vs. No	1.68	1.03	2.74	-	OR	AD outcome: current chronic rash
Ukawa et	5.4	Cross-		т.	Yes vs. No	1.25	1.05	1.49	< 0.05	OR	
al., 2013	54	sectional	children	Japan	Yes vs. No (males only)	1.28	1.00	1.64	< 0.05	OR	
		Di d			Yes vs. No	2.14	1.41	3.22	< 0.05	OR	
Wen et al., 2009	159	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Number of fungus on walls: Low (1) vs. No	1.33	1.13	1.57	< 0.001	OR	

				1	N 1 CC 11 II 1 (1)		1	I			1
					Number of fungus on wall: High (>1) vs. No	1.23	1.07	1.42	< 0.02	OR	
					Number of walls with moulds: 1 vs. 0	1.34	1.15	1.55	-	OR	
					Number of walls with moulds: ≥2 vs. 0	1.70	1.40	2.05	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (males only)	1.40	1.18	1.66	_	OR	
Lee et al		Cross-			Yes vs. No (females only)	1.46	1.22	1.70	_	OR	
2007	97	sectional	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No (male with parental atopic					-	
2007		Sectional			diseases only)	1.39	1.10	1.75	-	OR	
					Yes vs. No (females without parental	1.62	1.21	2.16	-	OR	
Down stoin	a at arresont madid				atopic diseases only)						
Damp stain	s at current reside	ence			At child's bedroom in current residence:						T
Cai et al.,	10	Cross-		GI :	Yes vs. No	1.34	1.19	1.51	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	18	sectional	children	China	At child's bedroom in current residence:	1.19	1.03	1.37	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Yes vs. No	1.19			-		AD outcome. Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.38	1.22	1.56	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.23	1.06	1.42	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.46	1.22	1.73	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					(females only) At current residence: Yes vs. No						
					(females only)	1.30	1.06	1.60	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (males	4.00				0.5	
Cai et al.,	23	Cross-	children	China	only)	1.32	1.11	1.56	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2016	23	sectional	cilitaten	Cillia	At current residence: Yes vs. No						
					(individuals with familial atopic	1.32	1.08	1.61	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					diseases only)						
					At current residence: Yes vs. No						
					(individuals without family atopic	1.41	1.21	1.64	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					diseases only)						
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.31	1.00	1.50		OD	AD (C (AD
					(individuals without family atopic diseases only)	1.31	1.08	1.58	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Lin et al.,		Cross-			• .						
2015	38	sectional	children	China	At child's bedroom: Yes vs. No	1.71	1.06	2.78	-	OR	
Mould spot	s/damp stains										
					At current residence and residence						
					during child's birth: Only in past years	1.47	1.15	1.86	0.002	OR	
					(moulds/damp stains) vs. Never						
Wang et		Cross-			At current residence and residence						
al., 2019	9	sectional	children	China	during child's birth: Only currently	1.7	1.36	2.12	< 0.001	OR	
, 2017		Sectional			(moulds/damp stains) vs. Never						
					At current residence and residence					_	
					during child's birth: Past and current	1.5	1.12	2.02	0.007	OR	
				~ ·	(moulds/damp stains) vs. Never		1.00			0.7	
	23		children	China	Perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.46	1.29	1.66	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD

	1			ı	D : (1 :1 3/ M	1.21	1.10	1.50	Π	OD	AD
					Perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.31	1.12	1.52	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Perinatal residence: Yes vs. No (males	1.32	1.11	1.57	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					only)						
					Perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.63	1.36	1.94	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					(females only)						
					Perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.50	1.22	1.85	_	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					(females only)	1.50	1.22	1.05			TIE outcome. Current TIE
					Perinatal residence: Yes vs. No						
Cai et al.,		Cross-			(individuals with familial atopic	1.64	1.33	2.03	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2016		sectional			diseases only)						
2010		sectional			Perinatal residence: Yes vs. No						
					(individuals with familial atopic	1.31	1.04	1.66	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					diseases only)						
					Perinatal residence: Yes vs. No						
					(individuals without familial atopic	1.37	1.18	1.61	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					diseases only)]				
					Perinatal residence: Yes vs. No						
					(individuals without familial atopic	1.31	1.07	1.59	_	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					diseases only)						
Deng et		Cross-			Prenatal residence: Yes (mould/damp						
al., 2016	25	sectional	children	China	stains) vs. No	1.40	1.09	1.80	< 0.01	OR	
,					Moulds in kitchen during pregnancy	1.86	1.08	3.15	-		
Miyake et	1.00	Birth	1.11.1	-	Moulds in kitchen during pregnancy						
al., 2007	160	cohort	children	Japan	(individuals without parental atopic	2.93	1.27	6.75	-		
,					diseases)						
Mouldy ode	our			-I			ı				
					At residence during child's birth: Yes					0-	
					vs. No	1.41	1.20	1.65	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al.,	18	Cross-	children	China	At residence during child's birth: Yes						
2017	10	sectional	Cimarcii	Cillia	vs. No	1.28	1.05	1.55	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.13	1.00	1.27	_	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.13	1.24	1.72	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.32	1.08	1.61	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No				-		AD OULCOIDE. CUITEIR AD
					(females only)	1.30	1.02	1.65	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No						
					(females only)	1.35	1.02	1.80	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Cai et al.,	Cai et al.,	Cross-	children	China							
		sectional	ciiiaren	Cnina	At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.63	1.31	2.04	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					(males only)	 					
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.31	1.00	1.73	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					(males only)						
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.64	1.24	2.10		O.D.	AD A TIGGE AD
					(individuals with familial atopic	1.64	1.24	2.18	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					diseases only)						

					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No (individuals with familial atopic diseases only)	1.51	1.11	2.05	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No (individuals without familial atopic diseases only)	1.39	1.13	1.70	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.40	1.21	1.61	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.20	1.05	1.37	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (females only)	1.37	1.12	1.68	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (males only)	1.43	1.18	1.73	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (males only)	1.35	1.12	1.63	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (individuals with familial atopic diseases only)	1.38	1.09	1.74	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (individuals without familial atopic diseases only)	1.42	1.29	1.69	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (individuals without familial atopic diseases only)	1.32	1.06	1.65	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Lin et al., 2015	38	Cross- sectional	children	China	At child's bedroom: Yes vs. No	1.86	1.08	3.23	-	OR	
Ukawa et	54	Cross-	children	Japan	Yes vs. No	1.54	1.10	2.14	-	OR	
al., 2013		sectional	Cilidien	Japan	Yes vs. No (male only)	1.64	1.00	1.64	-	OR	
Water leaka	age/damage			T			1		1		
Wang et	9	Cross-	children	China	At current residence: In the past years vs. Never	1.96	1.58	2.44	< 0.001	OR	
al., 2019		sectional	emidien	Cimia	At current residence: In the past 12 months vs. Never	1.44	1.12	1.87	0.005	OR	
Cai et al.,	18	Cross-	children	China	At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.33	1.18	1.48	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017		sectional			At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.24	1.09	1.43	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Lin et al., 2015	38	Cross- sectional	children	China	Yes vs. No	2.09	1.30	3.34	-	OR	
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.36	1.21	1.53	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.27	1.11	1.39	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (female only)	1.49	1.26	1.75	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al., 2016	23	Cross- sectional	children	China	At current residence: Yes vs. No (female only)	1.33	1.10	1.62	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (male only)	1.25	1.06	1.47	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (male only)	1.22	1.00	1.48	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD

				1	A			ı		ı	T T
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (individuals with familial atopic	1.34	1.11	1.62		OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					diseases only)	1.54	1.11	1.02	-	OK	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No						
					(individuals without familial atopic	1.37	1.18	1.58	_	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					diseases only)	1.57	1.10	1.36	-	OK	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No						
					(individuals without familial atopic	1.32	1.10	1.58	_	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					diseases only)	1.52	1.10	1.38	-	OK	AD outcome: Current AD
Windowner	nes condensation				diseases only)						
Willuowpai	les condensation			1	At current residence and residence						
					during child's birth: Only currently vs.	1.36	1.00	1.84	0.049	OR	
Wang et		Cross-			Never	1.50	1.00	1.04	0.049	OK	
al., 2019	9	sectional	children	China	At current residence and residence						
ai., 2019		sectional			during child's birth: Past and current vs.	1.77	1.46	2.15	< 0.001	OR	
					Never	1.//	1.40	2.13	<0.001	OK	
					At residence during child's birth: Yes						
					vs. No	1.23	1.12	1.34	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At residence during child's birth: Yes						
Cai et al		18 Cross-		China	vs. No	1.24	1.11	1.38	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
2017	18	children	China	At child's bedroom in current residence:							
				_	Yes vs. No	1.31	1.18	1.46	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At child's bedroom in current residence:		4.00			0.7	
				ldren China -	Yes vs. No	1.47	1.29	1.67	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Deng et		Cross-	Cross- sectional children		At prenatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.37	1.12	1.66	< 0.01	OR	
al., 2016	25	sectional			At postnatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.44	1.14	1.80	< 0.01	OR	
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.25	1.14	1.37	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.26	1.12	1.41	_	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No						
					(female only)	1.33	1.17	1.52	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.00	1.10			0.7	
					(female only)	1.38	1.18	1.62	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No	1.10	1.04	1.05		O.D.	AD A TICH AD
					(male only)	1.18	1.04	1.35	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No						
Cai et al.,	22	Cross-	1.11.1	CI.	(individuals without familial atopic	1.30	1.17	1.46	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2016	23	sectional	children	China	diseases only)						
	2016 sectional				At perinatal residence: Yes vs. No						
					(individuals without familial atopic	1.32	1.15	1.52	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					diseases only)						
				At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.35	1.21	1.51	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD	
				At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.46	1.28	1.66	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD	
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.28	1.10	1.50	_	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					(female only)	1.20	1.10	1.50	-	OK	AD outcome. Litetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No	1.39	1.16	1.67	_	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					(female only)	1.37	1.10	1.07	_	OK	AD outcome. Current AD

							1	T	, ,		
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (male only)	1.42	1.22	1.65	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (male only)	1.53	1.27	1.84	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (individuals with familial atopic diseases only)	1.23	1.02	1.48	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (individuals with familial atopic diseases only)	1.33	1.08	1.64	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (individuals without familial atopic diseases only)	1.41	1.23	1.62	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					At current residence: Yes vs. No (individuals without familial atopic diseases only)	1.54	1.30	1.82	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Ukawa et al., 2013	54	Cross- sectional	children	Japan	Yes vs. No	1.25	1.05	1.48	< 0.05	OR	
Combined of	dampness indicato	rs		•							
Lin et al., 2015	41	Cross- sectional	children	China	Dampness level (continuous)	1.72	1.15	2.57	-	OR	6 signs of dampness: mould spots, damp stains, damp beddings, water leakage, water condensation on windows and mould tabulated to give a total score.
Househo	old activities a	nd condition	ons								
Cooking fu			0110								
Norbäck et al., 2019	7	Cross- sectional	children	China	Cooking fuel: Any biomass (coal/wood) vs. electricity	1.21	1.06	1.39	≤0.01	OR	
Singh et al., 2018	17	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	India	Cooking fuel: Yes vs. no (13-14 years-old)	2.1	1.7	2.5	<0.0001	OR	
Mosquito co	oil/incense burning	g									
Norbäck et al., 2019	7	Cross- sectional	children	China	Mosquito coil burning	1.15	1.07	1.23	≤0.001	OR	
Lee et al., 2007	97	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Incense burning: Yes vs. No	0.85	0.75	0.95	-	OR	
Heating sys	stem/air purifier										
Ukawa et al., 2013	54	Cross- sectional	children	Japan	Heating system: Non-electric without ventilation duct to outside vs. Electronic	1.45	1.01	2.11	<0.05	OR	
Ergin et al., 2008	88	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	Heating system: Wood vs. Electric gas	4.32	1.24	15.08	-	OR	
Cai et al., 2017	18	Cross-	children	China	Air purifier use: Yes vs. No	1.28	1.10	1.50	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD

Household	pests										
					Household pests (cockroaches): Yes vs. No	1.23	1.12	1.34	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al., 2017	18	Cross- sectional	children	China	Household pest (mosquitoes or flies): Yes vs. No	1.28	1.12	1.47	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Household pests (mosquitoes or flies): Yes vs. No	1.17	1.05	1.31	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Lee et al., 2007	97	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Household pests (cockroaches): Yes vs. No (females only)	1.18	1.00	1.40	-	OR	
Habit of op	ening windows										
Cai et al.,	18	Cross-	children	China	Opening windows during sleep in summer: Never vs. Often	1.31	1.12	1.52	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	16	sectional	cindren	Cillia	Opening windows during sleep in summer: Never vs. Often	1.28	1.07	1.54	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Cleaning ha	abits										
Cai et al.,	18	Cross-	children	China	Cleaning the floor of child's bedroom: Everyday vs. at least twice a week	0.85	0.76	0.95	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
2017		sectional			Bedding taken out to sun: Yes vs. No	1.13	1.01	1.27	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Miyake et	160	Birth	children	I	Vacuuming living room during pregnancy: ≥3 vs. <3 times per week	0.50	0.29	0.84	-	OR	
al., 2007		cohort	children	Japan	Vacuuming mother's bedroom during pregnancy: ≥3 vs. <3 times per week	0.53	0.31	0.89	-	OR	
Household a	appliances										
Wen et al., 2009	159	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Microwave use: >5 times/week vs. Do not use	1.71	1.13	2.58	< 0.05	OR	
Building	condition										
	truction period										
Cai et al.,	•	Cross-			1991-2000 vs. Prior to 1990	1.20	1.03	1.40	_	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
2017	18	sectional	children	China	2001-present vs. Prior to 1990	1.22	1.06	1.42	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
	of residential bui				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				ı	-	
Cai et al.,		Cross-	1.11	CI :	≥7 vs. <7	1.23	1.12	1.35	_	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	18	sectional	children	China	≥7 vs. <7	1.22	1.10	1.37	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Level of chi	ld's bedroom									_	
Cai et al.,	18	Cross-	children	China	Level ≥8 vs. 1-3	1.16	1.03	1.31	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	10	sectional	Cilidien	Cillia	Level ≥8 vs. 1-3	1.21	1.05	1.39	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD

^{*}Mixed: study investigated a mixed of children, adolescents, and adults.

<u>Supplemental Table 7: Significant estimates of personal lifestyle factors</u>

Study	Reference number in Supplementary Appendix 1	Study design	Study population (children, adolescents, adult, mixed*)	Country/ region	Risk factor definition	Estimate	Lower CI	Upper CI	p-value	Measure of estimates (OR, HR, PR, RR)	Remarks
Smoking											
Active smoki	ng										
Graif et al.,	56	Cross-	adolescents	Israel	Occasional vs. Never	1.6	1.2	2.3	< 0.05	OR	
2013	30	sectional	adorescents	151401	Daily vs. Never	2.2	1.4	3.6	< 0.05	OR	
					Yes vs. No (male only)	1.28	1.08	1.53	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
Lee et al.,	98	Cross-	children and	Taiwan	Yes vs. No (male only)	1.35	1.10	1.65	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
2008	70	sectional	adolescents	1 ai waii	Yes vs. No (female only)	2.08	1.56	2.76	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic itchy rash
					Yes vs. No (female only)	2.07	1.48	2.89	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: chronic flexural itchy rash
Lee et al.,	107	Cross-	1.1	T	Yes vs. No (females in 1995-1996 study only)	2.2	1.0	4.7	< 0.05	OR	
2007	107	sectional	adolescents	Taiwan	Yes vs. No (females in 2001 study only)	3.0	1.3	6.1	< 0.01	OR	
Passive smok	ing (environmenta	l tobacco smo	oke exposure)								
Norbäck et al., 2019	7	Cross- sectional	children	China	Lifetime exposure: Yes vs. No	1.06	1.00	1.12	≤0.05	OR	
Guo et al., 2016	27	Cross- sectional	children	China	Exposure during pregnancy (through mother) or/and after birth: Yes vs. No	1.076	1.010	1.145	0.023	OR	Excluded from passive smoking as this factor includes exposure during pregnancy.
Al-Sahab et al., 2008	94	Cross- sectional	children	Lebanon	Exposure at home: Yes vs. No	1.46	1.11	1.94	-	OR	
Lee et al., 2007	106	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Exposure at home: Yes vs. No	0.88	0.79	0.99	-	OR	
Animal ex	xposure										
Cai et al., 2017	19	Cross- sectional	children	China	Domestic furred animals or birds: Yes vs. No	1.13	1.01	1.26	-	OR	
Torfi et al., 2015	46	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Iran	Animal exposure during the past one year: Yes vs. No	1.92	1.30	2.82	< 0.05	OR	
					Furred pets at birth and current: Yes vs. No pets ever	0.72	0.54	0.97	0.01 <p≤ 0.05</p≤ 	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD
Huang et	57	Cross-	children	China	Fish at birth and current: Yes vs. No pets ever	1.47	1.12	1.93	0.001 <p ≤0.01</p 	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD
al., 2013	31	sectional	ciniaren	Ciiina	Fish at birth and current: Yes vs. No pets ever	1.45	1.06	1.97	0.01 <p≤ 0.05</p≤ 	OR	AD outcome: current AD
					Fish at current: Yes vs. No pets ever	1.22	1.03	1.45	0.01 <p≤ 0.05</p≤ 	OR	AD outcome: lifetime AD

Civelek et al., 2011	70	Cross- sectional	children	Turkey	Animal exposure during the first year of life: Yes vs. No	1.47	1.06	2.03	0.022	OR	
Kurosaka et al., 2011	74	Cross- sectional	Children	Japan	Birds in room before 1 year-old	1.99	1.10	3.61	0.024	OR	
Sriyaraj et al., 2008	101	Cross- sectional	children	Thailand	Dog during first year of life	2.32	1.31	4.10	0.004	OR	AD outcome: ever chronic rash
Kurosaka et al., 2006	115	Cross- sectional	children	Japan	Domestic cats: Yes vs. No pets	0.79	0.67	0.93	0.005	OR	
Lee et al., 2004	121	Cross- sectional	children	Hong Kong	Pets ever	1.19	1.02	1.39	< 0.01	OR	
Physical a											
Computer/TV	usage				,						
Singh et al., 2018	17	Cross- sectional	children	India	TV usage: >3 vs ≤3 hours per day (6-7 years-old only)	1.5	1.2	1.9	< 0.0001	OR	
					Computer usage: ≥5 vs. <5 times/week	1.3	1.1	1.6	-	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Computer usage: ≥5 vs. <5 times/week (Chengdu)	2.0	1.3	3.3	-	OR	
2011		sectional	adoreseems		Computer usage: ≥5 vs. <5 times/week (Hohhot)	2.1	1.2	3.9	-	OR	
Exercise					<u>, </u>			1			
Singh et al.,	17	Cross-	children	India	<1 vs. ≥1 time/week (6-7 years-old only)	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.0002	OR	
2018	17	sectional	Cilitaren	muia	<1 vs. ≥1 time/week (13-14 years-old only)	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.01	OR	
Al-Sahab et al., 2008	94	Cross- sectional	children	Lebanon	1-2 times/week vs. Never or rarely	1.46	1.13	1.89	-	OR	
I4 -1		C			Yes vs. no (males in 1995-1996 study only)	0.7	0.5	0.9	< 0.01	OR	
Lee et al., 2007	107	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Taiwan	Yes vs. no (females in 1995-1996 study only)	0.8	0.6	1.0	< 0.05	OR	
					Yes vs. no (males in 2001 study only)	0.6	0.4	0.9	< 0.01	OR	
Sleeping c											
Bedding mate	erials					•					
Waked &		Cross-	children and		Cotton mattress: Yes vs. No	0.70	0.56	0.88	0.003	OR	
Salameh, 2009	93	sectional	adolescents	Lebanon	Spongy pillow: Yes vs. No	1.46	1.14	1.88	0.003	OR	
					Mite allergen level from mother's bedclothes during pregnancy: >35 vs. <2 microg/m2	3.68	1.68	7.79	-	OR	
Miyake et al., 2007	178	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Mite allergen level from mother's bedclothes during pregnancy: >35 vs. <2 microg/m2 (individuals without negative parental atopic diseases)	4.96	1.35	17.57	-	OR	
					Mite allergen level from mother's bedclothes during pregnancy: >35 vs.	3.43	1.17	9.37	-	OR	

					<2 microg/m2 (individuals without						
					negative parental atopic diseases)						
Bedroom sha	ring	1		•							_
Ergin et al.,	96	Cross-	children and	Turkey	Number of people sleeping in child's	2.74	1.2	6.27	_	OR	
2008	, , ,	sectional	adolescents	Tarrey	room: ≥4 vs. Alone		1.2	0.27			
Diet											
Processed me	eat										
					Smoked meat: Often vs. Not often	2.07	1.56	2.74	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al.,		Cross-			Smoked meat: Often vs. Not often	2.04	1.48	2.79	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
2017	19	sectional	children	China	Frozen meat: Often vs. Not often	1.29	1.13	1.47	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017		Sectional			Frozen meat: Often vs. Not often	1.38	1.18	1.61	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Organ meat: Often vs. Not often	1.22	1.06	1.40	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Common food	d allergens										
Odette et	15	Cross-	children	Lebanon	Pisces (shushi raw fish, grilled smoked	0.53	0.29	0.98	0.042	OR	
al., 2018	13	sectional		Lebanon	fish, fried fish)	0.55	0.27	0.70	0.042	OK	
Miyake et		Cross-	Adults								
al., 2008	99	sectional	(pregnant	Japan	Fish: Q2 (36.14-54.55) vs. Q1 (<36.14)	0.59	0.34	0.99	-	OR	
			women)								
Sriyaraj et	101	Cross-	children	Thailand	Nuts in past 12 months: ≥3 times/week	2.73	1.27	5.88	0.010	OR	AD outcome: ever chronic rash
al., 2008		sectional		1	vs. Never/occasionally				0.000		
Fruits and ve	egetables	1		1	T T		1	1			
Phathamma	100	Cross-	children and		W (11 E 1	2.06	1.40	7 00	0.002	OD	
vong et al.,	100	sectional	adolescents	Lao	Vegetables: Everyday vs. sometimes	2.96	1.49	5.88	0.002	OR	
2008	sugar food items			l.				<u> </u>			
nigii iai and	sugar 1000 items	1		1	Hamburger: Often vs. Not often	0.80	0.65	0.98		OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					French fries: Often vs. Not often	0.83	0.03	0.98	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD AD outcome: Current AD
					Sweet cake: Often vs. Not often	1.20	1.02	1.41	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al.,	19	Cross-	children	China	Jam: Often vs. Not often	1.21	1.02	1.41	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	19	sectional	Cilitaten	Cillia	Juice: Often vs. Not often	0.86	0.77	0.96		OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Juice: Often vs. Not often	0.88	0.80	0.96	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Popcorn: Often vs. Not often	0.78	0.62	0.98		OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Li et al.,		Cross-	children and		Carbonated drinks: ≥5 vs. <5	0.76	0.02	0.76			AD outcome. Current AD
2011	76	sectional	adolescents	China	times/week (Hohhot)	2.0	1.1	3.1	-	OR	
Odette et		Cross-									
al., 2018	15	sectional	children	Lebanon	White table sugar	1.77	1.05	2.97	0.03	OR	
Probiotics				l			1	1			1
Loo et al.,		Birth			Probiotic consumption between 9-12						1
2015	158	cohort	children	Singapore	months-old: Probiotics	4.32	1.07	17.45	0.04	OR	AD outcome: AD in 12 to 18 months
Food contami	inants				1		•				-
		D: 41			Manakanani akthalar (MD D)						
Wang et al.,	163	Birth	children	Taiwan	Monobenzyl phthalate (MBzP) in urine:	2.50	1.08	5.79	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: AD at age 2
2014		cohort		<u> </u>	>8.2000microg/g creatinine vs. <1.9048						
Dietary comp	onents										
	84		mixed		Dietary iron: Q5 vs. Q1	0.39	0.19	0.79	-	OR	

		T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T						
		Total (supplement and dietary) iron: Q5 vs. O1	0.30	0.15	0.63	-	OR	
			0.45	0.32	0.93	-	OR	
			0.44	0.22	0.88	-	OR	
		Total (supplement and dietary) vitamin	0.49	0.24	0.98	-	OR	
	G d	Dietary vitamin E: Q3 vs. Q1	0.39	0.19	0.83	-	OR	
		Dietary vitamin E: Q4 vs. Q1	0.40	0.19	0.82	-	OR	
	Korea	Dietary vitamin E: Q5 vs. Q1	0.33	0.16	0.67	-	OR	
		Total (supplement and dietary) vitamin E: Q4 vs. Q1	0.49	0.25	0.98	-	OR	
		Total (supplement and dietary) vitamin E: Q5 vs. Q1	0.46	0.22	0.96	-	OR	
		Total (supplement and dietary) folic acid: Q2 vs. Q1	0.49	0.28	0.98	-	OR	
		α-tocopherol: Q3 vs. Q1	0.33	0.15	0.73	-	OR	
adolescents	Japan	α-tocopherol: Q4 vs. Q1	0.36	0.14	0.89	-	OR	
	_	γ-tocopherol: Q4 vs. Q1	2.24	1.02	4.90	-	OR	
		n-3 Polyunsaturated fatty acids: Q2 (2.0196-2.4789) vs. Q1 (<2.0196)	0.54	0.31	0.93	-	OR	AD outcome: AD after age 18
		n-3/n-6 polyunsaturated fatty acids: Q2 (0.1914-0.2218) vs. Q1 (<0.1914)	0.55	0.31	0.94	-	OR	
Adult (pregnant women)	Japan	Eicosapentaenoic acid: Q2 (0.137- 0.2232) vs. Q1 (<0.137)	0.54	0.32	0.91	-	OR	AD outcome: AD after age 18
		Docosahexaenoic acid: Q2 (0.2475- 0.3616) vs. Q1 (<0.2475)	0.53	0.32	0.89	-	OR	AD outcome: AD after age 18
		vs. Q1 (<0.2475)	0.52	0.30	0.88	-	OR	AD outcome: AD after age 18
children and	South	ng/ml) vs. Adequate (≥20ng/ml)	1.50	1.02	2.06	-	OR	
adolescents	Korea	Serum vitamin D: Deficient (<12ng/ml) vs. Adequate (≥20ng/ml)	1.48	1.04	2.12	-	OR	
	T	<u>, </u>		1	,	, ,		
children	China	Choosy in food: Yes vs. No	1.272	1.135	1.425	< 0.001	OR	
children	Indonesia	Partial abulation: Frequent vs. infrequent	0.36	0.13	0.96	-	OR	Partial abulation: a cleaning practice by the Muslim community.
	Adult (pregnant women) children and adolescents children	Adult (pregnant women) Children and adolescents Children China	South Korea South Korea Dietary vitamin E: Q3 vs. Q1	South Korea South Korea	South Korea South Korea South With Korea South Children South Korea South Children South South Children South	South Korea South Korea South Korea South Korea Dictary β-carotene: Q2 vs. Q1 0.45 0.32 0.98	No. Q1	South Korea Post Post

^{*}Mixed: study investigated a mixed of children, adolescents, and adults.

Supplemental Table 8: Significant estimates of family lifestyle factors

Study	Reference number in Supplementary Appendix 1	Study design	Study population (children, adolescents, adult, mixed*)	Country/ region	Risk factor definition	Estimate	Lower CI	Upper CI	p-value	Measure of estimates (OR, HR, RR, PR)	Remarks
Smoking	•										
Foetal enviro	nmental tobacco si	noke exposui	re								
Goudarzi et al., 2018	146	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Maternal serum cotinine during pregnancy (continuous) (AD at 7 years-old)	0.88	0.79	0.99	0.044	RR	
Lee et al., 2012	64	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Hong Kong	Mother do not smoke but exposed to tobacco smoke during pregnancy vs. No maternal smoking and no ETS exposure during pregnancy	1.59	1.35	1.85	<0.001	OR	
Lee et al., 2004	121	Cross- sectional	children	Hong Kong	Parents smoked during pregnancy	1.81	1.60	2.05	< 0.01	OR	
Maternal sm	oking						ı	1	T	T	
Singh et al.,	17	Cross-	children and	India	Yes vs. No (6-7 years-old only)	3.5	2.6	4.8	< 0.0001	OR	
2018	1,	sectional	adolescents	- India	Yes vs. No (13-14 years-old only)	2.6	2.0	3.4	< 0.0001	OR	
Song et al., 2014	52	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Yes vs. No	2.2	1.0	4.5	< 0.05	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime chronic itchy rash
					Mother smoke during pregnancy and/or in early years of child's life vs. No exposure	1.98	1.01	3.89	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime chronic itchy rash
Yi et al., 2012	69	Cross- sectional	children	South Korea	Mother smoke during pregnancy and/or in early years of child's life vs. No exposure	2.06	1.01	4.22	-	OR	AD outcome: Current chronic itchy rash
					Mother smoke during pregnancy and/or in early years of child's life vs. No exposure	2.74	1.22	6.18	-	OR	AD outcome: Current treated AD
Sriyaraj et al., 2008	101	Cross- sectional	children	Thailand	Yes vs. No	5.85	1.97	17.35	0.001	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime chronic itchy rash
Paternal smo	king										
Yu et al.,		Cross-	children and	China	Ex-smoker (stopped for >1-year) vs. Never smoked (singletons who has normal birthweight and mother had no diseases during pregnancy only)	1.19	1.09	1.30	<0.001	OR	Normal birthweight defined as 2500-4000g.
2019	11	sectional	adolescents	China	Current smoker vs. Never smoked (singletons who has normal birthweight and mother had no diseases during pregnancy only)	1.07	1.02	1.13	0.007	OR	Normal birthweight defined as 2500-4000g.
Singh et al.,	17	Cross-	children and	T., J.'.	Yes vs. No (6-7 years-old only)	1.5	1.3	1.8	< 0.0001	OR	
2018	17	sectional	adolescents	India	Yes vs. No (13-14 years-old only)	1.3	1.2	1.5	< 0.0001	OR	
Song et al.,	52	Cross-	children and	China	Yes vs. No	1.5	1.2	2.0	< 0.01	OR	AD outcome: Ever chronic itchy rash
2014		sectional	adolescents	Cillia	Yes vs. No	1.3	1.2	1.5	< 0.0001	OR	AD outcome: Ever AD
Parental smo	okers										

					<u>, </u>						
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Yes vs. No (Xian)	1.8	1.0	3.1	-	OR	Smokers include both ex- and current smokers
Household sn	nokers										
Abdualraso ol et al., 2018	12	Cross- sectional	adolescents	Kuwait	≥1 household member vs. 0	1.48	1.03	2.14	0.034	PR	
Lee et al.,	107	Cross-	adolescents	Taiwan	≥21 daily cigarette consumption at home vs. 0 (females in 1995-1996 study only)	1.7	1.2	2.3	<0.01	OR	
2007	107	sectional	adolescents	Tarwan	1-10 daily cigarette consumption at home vs. 0 (females in 2001 study only)	0.6	0.4	0.8	< 0.05	OR	
					Mother do not smoke but other household members smoke during pregnancy and/or during early years of child's life vs. No tobacco smoke exposure	1.43	1.24	1.65	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime chronic itchy rash
					Mother do not smoke but other household members smoke during pregnancy and/or during early years of child's life vs. No tobacco smoke exposure	1.35	1.15	1.58	-	OR	AD outcome: Current chronic itchy rash
Yi et al., 2012	69	Cross- sectional	children	South Korea	Mother do not smoke but other household members smoke during pregnancy and/or during early years of child's life vs. No tobacco smoke exposure	1.40	1.22	1.62	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime physician- diagnosed AD
					Mother do not smoke but other household members smoke during pregnancy and/or during early years of child's life vs. No tobacco smoke exposure	1.26	1.04	1.53	-	OR	AD outcome: Current treated AD
					At least 1 household member smokes vs. No exposure	1.18	1.01	1.37	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime chronic itchy rash
					At least 1 household member smokes vs. No exposure	1.27	1.07	1.52	-	OR	AD outcome: Current chronic itchy rash
					At least 1 household member smokes vs. No exposure	1.32	1.06	1.64	-	OR	AD outcome: Current treated AD
Tanaka et al., 2007	109	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Former smoking vs. Never smoking in household	1.21	1.01	1.44	-	OR	
Ergin et al., 2008	96	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Turkey	>=3 household members vs. None	4.06	1.65	9.97	-	OR	
Maternal Food items	diet during pi	regnancy									
Saito et al., 2010	173	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Meat during pregnancy: Q4 vs. Q1	2.59	1.15	6.17	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
Miyake et al., 2010	172	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Total dairy products during pregnancy: Q2 (quartile median=120.8g/day) vs. Q1 (quartile median=43.6g/day)	0.45	0.25	0.81	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake; Includes milk, yoghurt and cheese
Gao et al., 2019	141	Birth cohort	children	China	Milk/milk products during pregnancy: 3-4 vs. ≤2 times a week	1.81	1.17	2.8	0.008	OR	

					Eggs during pregnancy: 3-4 vs. ≤2times a week	0.51	0.32	0.81	0.005	OR	
					Green and yellow vegetables during pregnancy: Q3 (quartile median=54.9g/day) vs. Q1 (quartile median=27.6g/day)	0.30	0.16	0.52	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
					Green and yellow vegetables during pregnancy: Q3 (quartile median=77.5g/day) vs. Q1 (quartile median=27.6g/day)	0.53	0.31	0.89	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
Miyake et al., 2010	171	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Green and yellow vegetables during pregnancy: Q3 (quartile median=125.8g/day) vs. Q1 (quartile median=27.6g/day)	0.41	0.24	0.71	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
					Apples during pregnancy: Q3 (quartile median=16.7g/day) vs. Q1 (quartile median=0.3g/day)	0.55	0.30	0.98	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
					Citrus fruits during pregnancy: Q2 (quartile median=34.8g/day) vs. Q1 (quartile median=-0.5g/day)	0.57	0.33	0.98	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
					Citrus fruits during pregnancy: Q2 (quartile median=87.1g/day) vs. Q1 (quartile median=-0.5g/day)	0.53	0.30	0.93	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
Dietary comp	onents										
					Beta-carotene during pregnancy: Q2 (quartile median=1923.9microg/day) vs. Q1 (1180.9microg/day)	0.52	0.30	0.89	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
Miyake et al., 2010	171	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Beta-carotene during pregnancy: Q4 (quartile median=4218.0microg/day) vs. Q1 (1180.9microg/day)	0.52	0.30	0.89	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
					Vitamin E during pregnancy: Q2 (quartile median=7.3microg/day) vs. Q1 (quartile median=6.1microg/day)	0.58	0.33	0.99	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
					Total fat during pregnancy: Q2 vs. Q1	2.73	1.27	6.24	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
					Monosaturated fatty acids during pregnancy: Q2 vs. Q1	3.50	1.58	8.33	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
Saito et al., 2010	173	Birth cohort	children	Japan	α-linolenic acid during pregnancy: Q2 vs. Q1	1.59	0.73	3.57	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
2010		conort			Linolenic acid during pregnancy: Q4 (quartile median=13.8g/day) vs. Q1 (8.8g/day)	2.11	1.06	4.26	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
					n-6 polyunsaturated fatty acids during pregnancy: Q2 vs. Q1	2.42	1.11	5.55	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake
Miyake et al., 2009	174	Birth cohort	children	Japan	n-6 polyunsaturated fatty acids during pregnancy: Q4 (quartile median=14.1g/day) vs. Q1 (9.0g/day)	2.25	1.13	4.54	-	OR	Based on diet history questionnaire and converted into daily intake

Place of b	irth										
Wong et al., 2007	111	Cross- sectional	children	Hong Kong	Hong Kong vs. China	12.21	-	-	0.016	OR	
Mode of d	elivery										
Yu et al., 2019	11	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Caesarean section vs. Vaginal delivery (only singletons who has normal birthweight (2500-4000g) and mother with no diseases during pregnancy)	1.07	1.01	1.12	0.012	OR	birthweight (2500-4000g)
Yu et al., 2015	47	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	South Korea	Caesarean section vs. vaginal delivery	1.80	1.14	2.85	0.012	OR	
Li et al., 2011	76	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	China	Caesarean section vs. Vaginal delivery (Hohhot only)	1.67	1.43	2.50	-	OR	
Birth mon	th/season										
Gao et al., 2019	141	Birth cohort	children	China	Autumn-winter vs. spring-summer	1.38	1	1.91	0.052	OR	Concluded as significant by the paper
Cai et al.,	19	Cross-	children	China	Autumn vs. Spring	1.15	1.01	1.31	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	17	sectional	cimaren	Clina	Autumn vs. Spring	1.17	1.00	1.36	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					April vs. May	1.10	1.03	1.17	-	OR	
					June vs. May	1.08	1.01	1.15	-	OR	
Kuo et al.,	28	Cross-	mixed	Taiwan	September vs. May	1.09	1.03	1.16	-	OR	
2016		sectional			October vs. May	1.15	1.08	1.22	-	OR	
					November vs. May	1.13	1.06	1.20	-	OR OR	<u> </u>
V		C	-1-11 days and		December vs. May Spring vs. other seasons combined	1.17 0.79	1.10 0.71	1.25 0.88	<0.001	OR OR	
Kusunoki et al., 1999	131	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Autumn vs. other seasons combined	1.22	1.01	1.23	< 0.001	OR	
Breastfeed	lina	sectional	adolescents		Autumn vs. otner seasons comomed	1.22	1.01	1.23	<0.001	OK	
Breastfeeding	5	1 1			1		<u> </u>		1		AD outcome: Chronic flexural itchy
Wang et al.,	154	Birth	children	Taiwan	Yes vs. No	1.38	1.15	1.68	< 0.001	OR	rash
2016		cohort			Yes vs. No	1.69	1.43	2.01	< 0.001	OR	AD outcome: Physician-diagnosed AD
Breastfeeding	g duration	1					T	1	Г		
Ho et al., 2019	5	Cross- sectional	children	Taiwan	Breastfeeding for ≥4 vs. <4 months (including none) #	1.33	1.20	1.49	< 0.001	OR	
					Breastfeeding for >6 months vs. ≤6 #	0.78	0.68	0.90	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Breastfeeding for >6 months vs. Never #	0.78	0.64	0.94	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Breastfeeding for >6 vs. <3 months #	0.76	0.65	0.89	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
Cai et al.,	10	Cross-	children	China	Breastfeeding for >6 months vs. 3-6 #	0.80	0.68	0.93	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
2017	· 1 10 1	sectional	Ciliuleii	Cillia	Breastfeeding for >6 vs. <=6 months #	0.76	0.63	0.90	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Breastfeeding for >6 months vs. Never #	0.76	0.60	0.97	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Breastfeeding for >6 vs. <3 months #	0.74	0.61	0.89	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Breastfeeding for >6 vs. 3-6 months #	0.77	0.64	0.93	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD

Ito &					Breastfeeding for >=6 months vs. Never	1.24	1.11	1.38	< 0.001	OR	Developed AD from 6 to 42 months
Fujiwara, 2014	162	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Breastfeeding for >=6 months vs. Never	1.28	1.08	1.52	<0.01	OR	Developed AD from 18 to 42 months, without allergic symptoms from age 6 to 18 months
					Breastfeeding for <=1month vs. Never	1.25	1.00	1.56	0.049	OR	
					Breastfeeding for <=2month vs. Never	1.37	1.08	1.74	0.009	OR	
Chuang et al., 2011	168	Birth cohort	children	Taiwan	Breastfeeding for <=6month vs. Never	1.47	1.17	1.84	0.001	OR	
ar., 2011		Conort			Breastfeeding for <=12month vs. Never	1.44	1.11	1.87	0.006	OR	
					Breastfeeding for >12month vs. Never	1.49	1.15	1.93	0.003	OR	
Sahakyan et al., 2006	185	Case- control	children	Armenia	>=6 months and no maternal atopic diseases history vs. Breastfeeding for <6 months and maternal history of atopy #	0.139	0.050	0.385	-	OR	
Exclusive bre	astfeeding										
					Breastfeeding vs. Formula + breastfeeding (only singletons who has normal birthweight and mother with no	0.86	0.90	0.81	<0.001	OR	
Yu et al.,	11	Cross-	children and	China	diseases during pregnancy only) #						
2019		sectional	adolescents		Breastfeeding vs. Formula only (only singletons who has normal birthweight and mother with no diseases during pregnancy only) #	1.099	1.031	1.190	0.007		
					Exclusive breastfeeding vs. Formula only	1.26	1.12	1.41	< 0.001	OR	Developed AD from 6 to 42 months
Ito & Fujiwara, 2014	162	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Exclusive breastfeeding vs. Formula only	1.29	1.08	1.55	<0.01	OR	Developed AD from 18 to 42 months, without allergic symptoms from age 6 to 18 months
Miyake et al., 2003	125	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Exclusive breastfeeding vs. Formula only	1.56	1.13	2.22	-	OR	
					Exclusive breastfeeding vs. Formula only #	1.43	1.11	1.82	-	OR	Based on follow-up at 18 months-old
Hikino et al., 2001	180	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Exclusive breastfeeding vs. Formula only #	2.44	1.37	4.35	-	OR	Based on follow-up at 3 years-old
					Exclusive breastfeeding vs. Mixed breastfeeding #	1.33	1.67	1.05	-	OR	Based on follow-up at 18 months-old
	astfeeding duratio	n									
Yoshihiro Miyake et al., 2009	175	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Exclusive breastfeeding: ≥4 vs. <4 months (individuals without parental allergic history only)	2.41	1.10	5.55	-	OR	
Mixed breast	feeding		T	I	1		T	1			
Miyake et al., 2003	125	Cross- sectional	children and adolescents	Japan	Mixed breastfeeding vs. formula only	1.40	1.01	1.98	-	OR	

Mirrod broads	faciling duration										
	feeding duration			1	lar ii o ii o o d		ı	1		1	<u></u>
Yoshihiro Miyake et al., 2009	175	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Mixed breastfeeding: ≥6 vs. <6 months (individuals without parental atopic diseases only)	3.39	1.20	12.36	-	OR	
Solid food introduction											
Cai et al., 2017	19	Cross- sectional	children	China	Age of solid food introduction (formula, gruel and porridge only) : ≤6 vs. >6 months	1.10	1.00	1.20	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Age of solid food introduction (formula, gruel and porridge only): ≤6 vs. >6 months	1.14	1.02	1.27	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Sahakyan et al., 2006	185	Case- control	children	Armenia	Age of solid food introduction: <4 vs. ≤4 months	3.1	1.4	6.9	-	OR	
Carer before starting preschool											
Cai et al., 2017	19	Cross- sectional	children	China	Carer before starting preschool: Grandparents vs. Parents	1.15	1.05	1.26	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Carer before starting preschool: Grandparents vs. Parents	1.20	1.08	1.35	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
					Carer before starting preschool: Others vs. Parents	1.36	1.00	1.85	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Infancy daycare/preschool attendance											
Tokinobu et al., 2020	140	Birth cohort	children	Japan	Daycare attendance at age 6 or 18 months	1.13	1.06	1.22	-	OR	AD outcome: AD between 1.5-2.5 years-old
					Daycare attendance at age 6 or 18 months	1.34	1.21	1.47	-	OR	AD outcome: AD between 2.5-3.5 years-old
					Daycare attendance at age 6 or 18 months	1.22	1.10	1.34	-	OR	AD outcome: AD between 3.5-4.5 years-old
					Daycare attendance at age 6 or 18 months	1.15	1.04	1.27	-	OR	AD outcome: AD between 4.5-5.5 years-old
Cai et al., 2017	19	Cross- sectional	children	China	Age when starting preschool: <3 vs. ≥3 years-old	1.22	1.09	1.37	-	OR	AD outcome: Lifetime AD
					Age when starting preschool: <3 vs. ≥3 years-old	1.15	1.00	1.32	-	OR	AD outcome: Current AD
Baççıoğlu et al., 2015	38	Cross- sectional	children	Turkey	Ever attended nursery	3.83	1.24	11.8	0.02	OR	
Loo et al., 2015	158	Birth cohort	children	Singapore	Attended infancy daycare	11.42	1.49	87.50	0.02	OR	Developed AD in 6 to 12 months
Bathing or showering infants											
Miyake et		Birth			Bathing or showering: ≥1 vs. <1 time a day	0.37	0.17	0.86	-	OR	
al., 2007	178	cohort	children	Japan	Bathing or showering: ≥1 vs. <1 time a day (individuals with parental atopic diseases)	0.26	0.10	0.77	-	OR	

ORs and 95% CI has been converted so that the direction of the comparison and reference groups matches the other entries. *Mixed: study investigated a mixed of children, adolescents, and adults.